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BIG FIVE BREAKDOWN OVER BALKAN ISSUE?

BEVIN-MOLOTOV BATTLE IN STORMY SESSION

Byrnes As Mediator: Russia's Strong Opposition To British Plan For 'Western Bloc'

LONDON, Sept. 26, (U.P.I.): The Big Five Conference will breakdown and the visiting Foreign Ministers go home tomorrow if Molotov does not receive from Generalissimo Stalin today last miunte instructions to compromise.

This is the feeling prevailing among circles in close touch with the Foreign Ministers' Council. To-day's meeting are regarded as dead line and the only alternatives now are an eleventh hour compromise or complete failure.

The area of divergence now extends over the whole field of the subjects under discussion. To-day's session is reported as having been particularly stormy and acute tension developed between Molotov and Bevin with the Secretary of State, Mr. Byrnes, taking a mediatory role.

The real point of divergence is believed to be the British insistence on the creation of a Western Bloc and equally vehement opposition from Russia for any plan of setting up a potentially anti-Soviet power grouping in Western Europe.

Americans "Going Ahead Of British"

LONDON, Sept. 26 (A.P.A.)—It was known that the American, French and Russian ministers were anxious to return home as quickly as possible, with planes already standing by for Secretary Byrnes and Commissar Molotov.

One last-minute development was a disclosure that the American State Department was preparing to recognise the present government in Hungary, which would eliminate one of the three Balkan conflicts between Russia and the western powers.

American officials said they were "going ahead of the British" on Hungary, but that the American attitude was that the present Budapest regime is acceptable provided it pledges to hold free elections soon.

British officials said that so far as they knew, there was no intention in London at present of recognising the Hungarian Government.

Whitehall sources stated that the British view remained that the Hungarian government was unrepresentative but this attitude was subject to change.

End Of London Talks?

PARIS, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—France expects that meetings of the Big Five Foreign Ministers in London would last a few more days, the French Foreign Office spokesman said today.

He was denying reports from Paris carried by the Associated Press of America that a "communique" had been issued announcing the end of the London talks.

The spokesman after a phone call to London also denied a report in French newspapers that M. Georges Bidault, the French Foreign Minister would be returning to Paris either tonight or tomorrow morning.

Heading For Another War!

LONDON, Sept. 26 (A.P.A.)—The "Daily Herald", influential organ of Britain's ruling Labour party, today warned bluntly that "the world is heading, with its eyes open, for another war."

In a leader under the caption "United Nations" the "Daily Herald" said that there was little to distinguish the spirit in international relationships today from that of 1919 and added:

"It is high time that somebody pointed out, with emphasis, that the peace has begun very badly indeed, and that this newspaper supported or unsupported, is prepared to assume the task."

POWER POLITICS

The "Herald" charged that the Council of Foreign Ministers meeting currently in London "has been dominated throughout by power politics, by suspicions and ambitions."

It added that the Atlantic and San Francisco Charters "seem already to have been forgotten."

"The unity which has been achieved in war is now apparently old fashioned and despised by some of the victors," the "Herald" continued. "It seems that only the threat of destruction can draw nations together and that the prospect of a happy and prosperous life attained through goodwill and shared enterprise makes no appeal. At this rate, we shall soon be mourning Hitler as the sole architect of Allied unity."

"ROTTEN PEACE"

Emphasising that it did not write in criticism of the British Government or any Government, the "Herald" said that it wished to point out to all statesmen "that, in the view of the comman man, the peace is proving a rotten peace."

Criticising the secret meetings of the Council of Five, the "Herald" advocated "an open declaration by all the Great Powers of their policies and aims."

ARGENTINE'S REBEL GENERAL ARRESTED

Charge Of Incitement For Transfer Of Govt. Authority To Supreme Court

BUENOS AIRES, Sept. 26 (Reuter). Gen. Arturo Rawson and his associates have been arrested on the charge of inciting rebellion intended to transfer the authority of the Government to the Supreme Court, it became clear to-day.

The text of a proclamation prepared by Gen. Rawson for delivery to the people and the armed forces, which has now become available, states: "Interpreting the wishes of the people, the armed forces of the Fourth Division took up arms to bring down the usurpers. Having completed the constitutional change, they have invited the President of the Supreme Court to assume Government of the country backing his authority with armed forces.

"People of Argentina, let us be worthy of our ancestors and follow with quiet determination the road, which although occasionally difficult, is always fruitful of liberty."

The attempted uprising has brought this comment from "the Standard": "The road to political heaven does not lie along the stony road of armed revolt, for the nation's unity cannot be based on internal warfare. The culture, happiness and progress of a state are not fostered by setting brother against brother."

Transport workers in Buenos Aires have gone on strike for 24 hours since midnight, stopping all public transportation in the capital.

TRANSPORT AT STANDSTILL

Efforts to find a solution of the difference between the City Transport Corporation and workers have failed. Many of the workers have already been on strike for more than a month.

FLOODS SUBSIDE IN BARODA

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 26 (U.P.I.): The flood waters in the Baroda City have now completely subsided and normal life is slowly being resumed according to the latest advices received here this evening. Vishamitri station is now free from water and G. B. S. Railway train has to-day proceeded to Dabhoi. Damage to property is extensive but no loss of life is reported.

(See Page 5.)

ROYAL NAVY GETS FIRST TORPEDO PLANE

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—The world's first single-seat torpedo plane —the Blackburn "Firebrand"—is now in service with the Royal Navy. Specially designed for work with aircraft carriers, the plane is equipped for cannon, torpedo, bomb and rocket attacks. A low wing monoplane, it has a new type of dive brakers. Even when carrying torpedo the new plane can roll, turn and dive with ease.

PRINCE HIGASHI-KUNI, the new premier of Japan, who, according to a Domei Dispatch, has asked the Japanese people to write him "about anything they please" adding that he wants suggestions on how to run the Government.
—U.S.I.S. Radiophoto.

'FREE BRITAIN FROM INDIAN YOKE'

Low's Cartoon On "Unrest In India"

LONDON, September 26. (A.P.A.): Low's cartoon in the "Evening Standard" to-day carries the caption, "Unrest in India". It shows Attlee, Pothick-Lawrence and Wavell carrying placards followed out of curiosity by a scotch-terrier.

Gandhi in his famous sandals and horn-rimmed glasses, arm in arm with immaculately clad Jinnah, stands among spectators.

Attlee with pipe and wearing a long Punjabi kurta, lungi and light slippers heads the procession carrying a placard bearing the words, "How long must we groan under Jinnah, Gandhi and Company?"

PATHETIC-LAWRENCE.

Following him is the Secretary of State with furrowed brows, tired eyes and beaked nose. He is wearing sandals and a loin cloth bearing an amended version of his name, "Pathetic-Lawrence." Almost stooping, he is portrayed carrying an even bigger placard with the words, "Free Britain from the Indian Yoke."

Wavell was lighly covered by a shawl and carries a placard, "Cast off Congress Oppression."

The terrier brings up the rear.

DWIJEN BOSE'S OFFER TO JAM SAHEB

LUCKNOW, Sept. 26 (A.P.I.)

Mr. Dwijendranath Bose and his two cousins, Messrs. Aurobindu Bose and Sisir Bose, passed through Lucknow on their way to Calcutta today.

Asked by Pressmen of his reaction to the message emanating from Jamnagar that his (Mr Dwijendra Nath) remarks at a public meeting at Lahore last week "have rudely shocked and Amazed" His Highness the Jam Saheb of Nawnagar, on Dwijendra Nath said: "Let the Jam Saheb contact me and I shall give him more details."

CITRINE THREATENS WITHDRAWAL FROM WORLD T. U. C.

"British Delegation Can't Be Bludgeoned Into Acceptance Of New Constitution By Majority Vote"

PARIS, September 26, (Reuter): Sir Walter Citrine, head of the British delegation to the World Trades Union Congress, today threatened to withdraw British Trades Unions from the World Trade Union Federation now being set up.

In blunt language he told delegates from 59 countries gathered in the vast Palais De Chaillot: "British Trades Unions' acceptance of the constitution emanating from the conference depends on satisfactory outcome of negotiations with the International Federation of Trade Unions and International Trade Secretariates", reports Reuter's special correspondent, Paul Scott Rankine.

PLEA FOR 'BONA FIDE' UNIONS

"We in the British T. U. C. cannot be bludgeoned by a majority vote into acceptance. The New International Organisation must be built with strength. The British T. U. C. has no intention of deserting the staff of the old international federation of trades' unions and international trade secretariates. These organisations are ready to liquidate themselves on proper conditions.

Sir Walter Citrine also said that the Trade Union International must be composed of 'bona fide' trade unions.

Referring apparently to some of the Trade Union Congresses in central and eastern Europe, he said it was very curious how after all the devastation and dislocation of war, trade unions had sprung phoenix-like from the ashes with hundreds of thousands members, when before their membership was numbered in hundreds.

NO POLITICS FOR T. U. I.

Sir Walter Citrine said that the Trade Union International must not get into politics. If it did, it would perish—because it would be split.

Another point made by Sir Walter Citrine was that Paris was not a suitable headquarters for the new organisation, because of high cost of living and current currency difficulties. He suggested another temporary headquarters until things became normal.

PRESIDENT'S REPLY TO CITRINE

Replying to Sir Walter Citrine, Mr. Vincent Toledano, Latin-American Delegate, who presided at the morning's session, said: "We do not want a political Trade Union Federation, but the federation must be powerful, young and enthusiastic".

He appealed to the conference not to quibble over trivialities and added: "If we do not succeed in setting up an international organisation of trade unions, all the sacrifices of the war will be wasted. The experience of the last 30 years shows that if workers do not unite they are doomed".

(See Page 5.)

Patton Asked To Explain

FRANKFURT,
Sept. 26, (A.P.A.).

General George S. Patton was ordered today to report personally to General Eisenhower early next week on the progress of De-Nazification under his command in Bavaria.

Lieut.-Gen. W. B. Smith, Eisenhower's Deputy announced that the Supreme Commander had asked for a report on Nazis still holding office in Patton's territory and also asked Patton to give a personal accounting of his stewardship.

SARAT BOSE RAISES FLAG OF ASIATIC FEDERATION

Says China And India Must Lead In Fight Against Growing Western Imperialism In East

The creation of an Asiatic Federation consisting of all the countries of the East as the only alternative to challenge the growing imperialism of the West was advocated by Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose speaking under the auspices of the Progressive Group at Green's on Wednesday evening.

Mr. Bose said that he would not be surprised if the aftermath of war produced a combination of more imperialist powers in the world. He had no faith in the declarations and promises of the Western powers. The war was declared to be a war for freedom, which was, however, meant for Western countries only. For India and other Eastern countries only slavery was in store. This hopeless situation could be met, according to Mr. Bose, only by the creation of an Asiatic Union. He, therefore, exhorted all present to rally round the banner of such a federation, which was their final and only hope, and the only solution of their problems.

In this connection Mr. Bose asserted that if India and China were to make a beginning of such a Federation, other countries were sure to follow. He pleaded for a realistic and practical view of the shape of things existing today and strive for a Federation of the world in which there would be equality of opportunities for all.

Continuing Mr. Bose stated that he conceived of his country as Union of Socialistic Republic, in which all communities lived as a harmonious whole and on an equal footing.

ARCH FASCIST OF CHINA

Mr. Bose further described Marshal Chiang Kai-Shek as the arch-Fascist of China.

He hoped that the Generalissimo would come to an understanding with the Chinese Communists and with their co-operation usher in a new era of peace and contentment for China.

Mr. Bose read from his notes jotted down during his detention, on various topics national as well as international.

Mr. T. Desai who presided eulogised the services of Mr. Bose to the country.

RANGA ON OBJECTIVE OF KISAN CONGRESS

"Must Respond To Call For National Struggle For Freedom"

BOMBAY, Sept. 26 (U.P.I.): "It is the duty of the Kisan Congress Organisations to place all their resources in men and money at the disposal of the National Congress whenever the latter gives the call for a national struggle for freedom, unless by specific instructions the National Congress wishes the Kisan Congress organisations to concentrate only on Kisan problems for the time being. But even when such exemption is granted by the National Congress, it is the duty of every Kisan Congress organisation never to do anything to thwart, weaken or oppose the National struggle."

This is the object of the All-India Kisan Congress as laid down in its draft constitution which was considered by the Kisan Congress at its meeting held here under the presidency of Prof. N. G. Ranga yesterday.

Gandhiji's Bengal Tour Programme

POONA, Sept. 25 (U.P.I.): Mr. Surendra Monan Ghosh, former President of the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee, who came here yesterday met Mahatma Gandhi and acquainted him with the latest situation in Bengal and sought his advice about the forthcoming elections in that province. Mr. Ghosh also discussed with the Mahatma his forthcoming tour programme in Bengal where Gandhiji is expected to reach by the first week of November.

It is learnt during his one month's stay in Bengal Mahatma Gandhi will pay a visit to Santiniketan and most of the Khadi centres in the province including Shaidpur, Chittagong, Barkamta and Shahibpur in the Nadia District.

Mr. Ghosh left for Bombay to-day.

THREE KILLED AND 25 INJURED IN CLASHES IN GOLPITHA

Three persons were killed and 25 injured in a series of clashes and free fights that broke out late on Wednesday night. The trouble started at Golpitha and rapidly spread to Jamli Mohalla, Duncan Road, Null Bazaar and the neighbourhood of Round Temple.

The origin of the trouble is not clear. But according to reports the flare-up started in a cinema house, where certain sections were reported to have protested against cutting of certain portions of a film.

Forming the necleus of a free fight, it attracted many outsiders leading to free exchange of brickbats.

According to another report a tramcar going in the direction of Jamli Mohalla was forcibly stopped and a passenger was dragged out, assaulted and stabbed.

This altercation suddenly developed into a free fight and began to spread to other areas resulting in heavy casualties in a short time. The police promptly appeared on the scene and patrols were posted near J.J. Hospital, Mahomadali Road, Bhendi Bazar and other important centres.

The affected area was all quiet by 1 a.m. It is learnt that the authorities are contemplating issue of Curfew Order if the trouble persists.

STOP PRESS

U. S. v. SPAIN

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26 (Reuter): The Acting Secretary of the State Department, Mr. Dean Acheson, said that none could expect any satisfactory agreement to be worked out between the Governments of the United States and Gen. Franco's Spain.

SOVIET AND HUNGARY

LONDON, Sept. 26 (A.P.A.)—The Soviet Union has resumed diplomatic relations with Hungary, the Moscow Radio reported tonight.

NIHCHALDAS APPLIED FOR CONGRESS TICKET

KARACHI, Sept. 25. (U.P.I.): Mr. Nihchaldas Vazirani, Revenue Minister and Leader of the Hindu Independent Party has applied for nomination as a Congress candidate in the forthcoming general elections to the Sind Assembly. This is a sequel to the recent interview he had with Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Congress President, in Bombay.

SARDAR IN POONA

POONA, Sept. 25. (A.P.I.): Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel returned to Poona to-day from Bombay.

Tricolour Burnt

MIRAJ, September 26. (U.P.I.): The Tricolour flag hoisted over the Miraj Khadi Karyalaya was burnt last night by some unknown persons. The Police performed "Panchnama" and are investigating the matter.

DISGRACEFUL CONDUCT OF SECTION OF MILITARY

DACCA, September 25 (A.P.I.)—A resolution viewing with concern "the disgraceful conduct of a certain section of the military in different parts of the city where they have been stationed, with the result that womenfolk cannot move about with a feeling of safety", has been adopted by the Dacca Peoples' Association.

The Association has drawn the attention of the civil and military authorities to the matter.

Teheran Official For India

TEHERAN, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—Dr. Ali Amini is leaving for India next week to study on behalf of the Iranian Finance Ministry the possibility of developing commercial relations between the two countries.

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'PRIMA FACIE' CASE AGAINST COMMUNISTS

Nehru Sub-Committee's Findings

'Reds' In A.-I. C. C. Asked To Explain, Reveals Jawaharlal

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

A large number of questions on burning problems of the day were answered by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru at a press conference at Congress House this morning.

Among other things Pandit Nehru revealed that a sub-committee consisting of himself, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and Pandit Govind Vallabh Pant which had been asked to go into the question by the Congress Working Committee had reported that there was a 'prima facie' case that the Communists had acted contrary and in opposition to the Congress Policy. Communist members of the All-India Congress Committee had been given a fortnight's time to explain and show cause why action should not be taken against them.

Pandit Nehru also explained that such action could only be against individuals and not any specified or unspecified groups and further that it would be confined to removing them from elective positions.

Questions put to Pandit Nehru varied from foreign policies of England and America to the happenings in Satara and from the future of Congress policies to its relationship with the Communists, the Muslim League and the Hindu Mahasabha.

Panditji who was in a happy mood dealt with a flood of written and oral questions, some personal and some otherwise, for an hour and a half. His answers were clear and argumentative and sometimes witty.

One questioner reminded him that he had said at Lahore that the habit of touching feet was inconsistent with human dignity; but Pandit Nehru had auctioned his kerchief. Was that consistent with his dignity?

"Do you think my dignity is tied up in my kerchief?" was the prompt reply.

Somebody had obviously presented a sheaf of questions dealing with events in 1942. Panditji cast a look at the questions and said: "We are on the verge of 1946. I will never reach '46 if I start dealing with '42."

"On what lines do you propose to conduct the election campaign" was another question.

"Quit India" was the answer. After a pause he explained that it obviously meant the complete recognition of Indian freedom and not just physical hopping about here and there.

He was asked what he meant when he said that Congress would crush all opposition. He said that he was referring to the elections when anybody who opposed Congress candidates would be quashed. That did not mean that the Congress would go about with a sledge hammer.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS

Questioned what would be the attitude of the Congress towards an Anglo-American attempt to form an anti-Russian block, Pandit Nehru explained that all questions of foreign policy depended upon many factors, some idealistic, many realistic. Ultimately, the foreign policy of a nation would be guided by what it thought was its national interest. India too would naturally think of its foreign policy in terms of its national interest; also its likes and dislikes and would play some part in shaping this policy. No doubt India's reaction to anything that America or Russia may or may not do would depend upon American or Russian policy towards India.

PRIOR'S APPOINTMENT

Dealing with the question of Labour Government towards India, he said that so far as he could see there was no change whatsoever in Britain's policy. He referred to the appointment of Sir Geoffrey Prior to represent India at the Foreign Ministers' Conference in London in an indignant tone, said:

"It is just scandalous impertinence on the part of the British Government to appoint a Secretary or Under-Secretary to represent India at this Conference."

He added that if the Labour Government was responsible, as presumably it was responsible, for this decision, it showed that the Labour Government was entirely incompetent to handle the Indian question. Simply because they were silent it should not be assumed that they acquiesced in such acts. It simply raised the ire of every Indian. It was no good talking piously of the goodwil of the Labour Party when every one of its actions during the previous month or two had been an insult to India.

SOLDIERS AND ELECTIONS

Pandit Nehru was asked what steps the Congress would take to secure franchise for demobilised soldiers. He said that the only step the Congress could take was to ask that the soldier be given his right, but he added that it was not a question of only of demobilised soldiers but of all members of the armed forces. Asked what propaganda the Congress would carry on among members of the forces, Pandit Nehru said that normally the Government did not like any propaganda among its armed forces. In fact, Government disliked it intensely. At the same time he pointed out that he did approach the brothers and sisters and members of the family of the soldiers in the course of his general and agrarian work and his relations with these considerable elements of the Indian Army were excellent.

OFFICE-ACCEPTANCE

He was asked whether the Congress would take office at the end of the elections. He said that he could not answer that question. After the elections all manner of difficult questions were bound to arise. One of these was the Constituent Assembly. And even more immediate question was that of the Centre. Unless these questions were satisfactorily solved, they would give rise to conflict. When the Congress talked in terms of "Quit India", it did not do so in merely idealistic terms. It was hard realistic thought. He realised that it was not enough to pass a resolution to give shape to the independence of India. But if the fact of the transfer of power was recognised in its totality the method of such transfer itself would become a matter of arrangement. If that was denied there would be conflict although he could not foresee what shape the conflict would take.

Asked if the Viceroy or any representative of the British Government had a place in the Constituent Assembly, he said, normally speaking, no representative of the British Government would come into the Constituent Assembly. They had no place even according to their own showing but when the question of British interests were being considered they might have a place. But whether actually they would object to the presence of a particular representative of the British Government at any stage was a matter to be decided when it arose.

SATARA, A TEST

Questioned about his reactions to the situation in Satara, Pandit Nehru said: "So far as I have been able to find out the common people of Satara have shown an extraordinary ability of effectively organising themselves against heavy odds. They really built up an effective system of village government. It is doubtful if at any previous time those areas were free from normal crime as in this period. The village governments suppressed crime. **The main lesson of Satara is that the common people of the villages can organise themselves, even against heavy odds, if given a chance to do so. It is an extraordinarily promising thing.** In other parts of the country also village people had shown extraordinary powers of initiative and organisation. But they had a brief career because they had to face huge armies. These people, however, functioned for a couple of years. They were fairly well tested and they came out of the test remarkably well.

"That is the general aspect of the question. It is true that some acts were performed which were really reprehensible. But that refers to individual acts. It is really not possible to judge a revolutionary movement by individual acts."

CONGRESS AND U.N.R.R.A.

Asked if the Congress would make any representation to the U.N.R.R.A., Pandit Nehru said hat it was unlikely although undoubtedly the situation in India was very critical. Famine might come quite easily on a poignant and large scale. So too unemployment.

Asked if he would advise boycott of foreign goods, Panditji said that there was an amazing lack of goods of all descriptions in India. The country was hungry for such goods and it was difficult to ask it to keep on fasting.

But, he continued, "the British attempt at dumping goods is objectionable and must be resisted. We are likely to have not only normal dumping of normal goods but abnormal dumping of abnormal goods such as war scrap which nobody wants. He further pointed out that this was an attempt to use up the Sterling Balances and reduce India's credit in Britain. He did not know if it was the Government of India or the Labour Government or the city of London that was responsible for it; but the indications were that attempts were being made to extort as much as possible in the shortest possible time before there was any change of Government.

"TALKING" TO THE LEAGUE

"You said that you refuse to talk to the Muslim League. Is this not inconsistent with the resolution of the Working Committee on the question of self-determination?" was the next question.

"Where is the inconsistency" Nehru asked. He went on to explain that the Congress Working Committee had declared that it believed in a United India with the largest measure of autonomy for the Provinces. At the same time it declared that it was not going to compel any territory or area to join the Indian Union against the declared will of the people. There was, therefore, no question of talking to the League. It was for the population of the districts to decide and no either for the League or the Congress.

TALKING SENSE

Proceeding, Pandit Nehru said that if they looked back on the last few years they would find that all attempts to talk to the League had been one sided. The Congress had made approaches, proposals and suggestions. From the other side had come just a 'No' It was somewhat odd that every time an attempt was made to talk to the League, it wanted a testimonial or chit from the Congress that it represented all the Muslims of India. That the Congress approached the League was a big enough testimonial. But the Congress could not give a further testimonial which was inconsistent with its entire history and character. Nobody would refuse to recognise anybody else if that other person was prepared to talk sense and talk sense decently. It was impossible to talk if the other party refused to talk. It was a somewhat curious case. The League was making big claims before the world. But in this case the plaintiff did not define its claim but called upon the defendant to do so.

CRUX OF PAKISTAN

Answering another question put to him later on, Pandit Nehru explained what he regarded as the crux of the Pakistan issue if it was to be faced at any time. Presuming that a large number of Muslims wanted Pakistan and presuming further that they should be allowed to have their way, it would mean that in the areas they are in a majority they would be given the right to vote on this decision and if necessary to vote themselves out. It was obvious that there were areas in Southern Punjab and Western Bengal which were predominantly Hindu or Sikh. It was absurd to talk of self-determination and at the same time to coerce large numbers of people who did not believe in Pakistan to form it. Therefore, Pakistan could not be conceded except in terms of the division of the Punjab and Bengal. Such a Pakistan would be very poor in resources and in its economic position. Apart from this no Bengali or Punjabi whether he was a Hindu or a Muslim or a Sikh wanted the division of Punjab or Bengal. Of all provinces in India, Bengal was the one province most strongly knit together culturally and both Bengalis and Punjabis had stronger provincial feelings—stronger than other provinces. Even Muslim Leaguers in the Punjab and Bengal were opposed to the division of their respective provinces. Therefore, the Muslim League would have to decide either on coercing people who did not want it to stay in Pakistan or agree to cut up the Provinces to make Pakistan a more feasible proposition. The former alternative was impossible and the latter difficult because they did not want it. Perhaps, it was this difficulty, Pandit Nehru suggested, that had come in the way of the League defining Pakistan.

ACTION AGAINST INDIVIDUALS

On the question of the Communists Pandit Nehru made a few points clear. There could be no question of taking action against the Communist Party, even if such a thing was possible. The Congress could not take action against a specified or unspecified group which was not a part of it. They had, therefore, to look at the question as affecting some Congressmen who also happened to be members of the Communist Party. Secondly, under the Congress constitution nobody could be prevented from becoming a primary member of the constitution. Anybody, whether an Indian or a Britisher or an American could become a member of the Congress as long as he subscribed to

(Continued on Page 3)

Rs.34,00,000 *a day invested!*

Over Rs. 112 Crores were invested in less than eleven months in the First 3% Victory Loan (1957) withdrawn during February 1945.

The 3% Second Victory Loan (1959-61) offers you another opportunity to lend money to India on attractive terms. You serve your country, help to lower prices, and the 3% dividend per annum less Income-Tax is sent to your address twice a year.

There is NO LIMIT to the amount you are permitted to invest in the Loan, and the Government has guaranteed to repay at par not earlier than 15th August 1959 and not later than 15th August 1961. If in the meantime you want to realise your capital, the Loan is readily salable on the market. You can obtain refund of Income-Tax if you are not liable to it or liable at a lower rate.

To buy this Loan, apply to your Bankers, or to the Reserve Bank of India at Bombay, Calcutta, Madras, Delhi, Cawnpore or to the Branches of the Imperial Bank of India in other places or to any Government Treasury.

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Save and Lend-Buy
3%
SECOND
VICTORY LOAN
1959-61

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SOWLIN (For external use only)
Infallible remedy for sprains, Rheumatism, Gout, lumbago, dislocations and all sundry pains.
NO HOME SHOULD BE WITHOUT IT.
Price per bottle of 2 oz. Rs. 1 8 0
Extra packing & postage By V. P. P. as under:
One to two bottles. Rs. 0 12 0
Three to four bottles. Rs. 1 2 0
Messrs. UNION TRADING COMPANY,
Manufacturers' epresentatives, 34, Godown Street, MADRAS.

THE LUSCIOUS MANGO

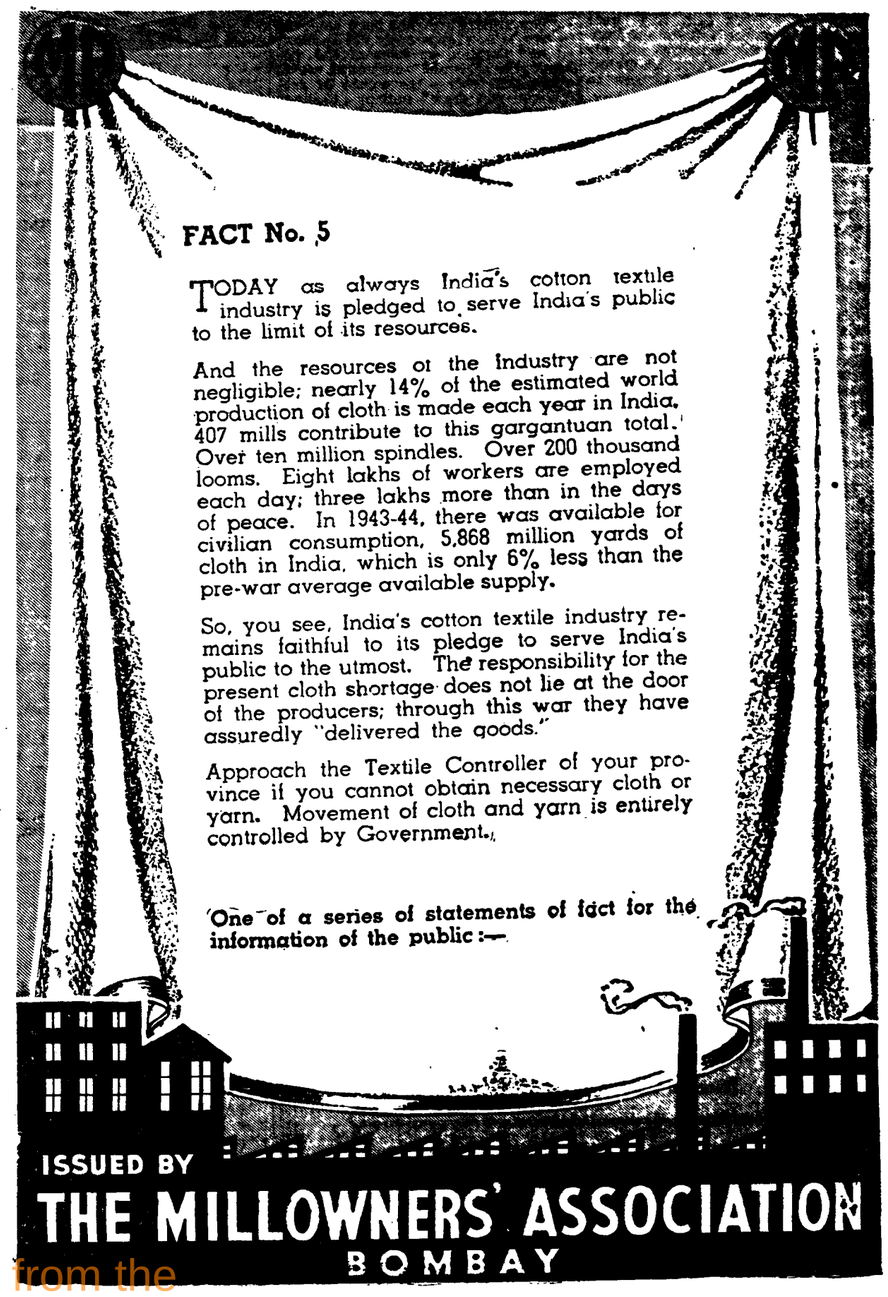
SHROUDED in the dense foliage of the mango tree hangs the Mango, so pleasing to the taste, so colourful in appearance that it has become the most popular fruit in India.

Mangoes mean food and health for you, and to the producer a very good profit. They are easy to grow in any hot moist climate, in deep well-drained soil. A full grown mango tree will bear about 1,000 to 1,500 fruits per annum. In one acre there should not be more than 50 trees or the quality of the fruit will suffer. Mangoes are picked from May to July.

Mangoes are the premier fruit crop of India, and all supplies that can reach the retailer are assured of a ready sale. Many more could be grown if GOOD ROADS were built to link the orchards with the markets.

INSERTED BY BURMAH-SHELL TO PROMOTE MORE ROADS & BETTER CROPS

GOOD ROADS ARE AVENUES TO PROSPERITY



FACT No. 5

TODAY as always India's cotton textile industry is pledged to serve India's public to the limit of its resources.

And the resources of the industry are not negligible; nearly 14% of the estimated world production of cloth is made each year in India. 407 mills contribute to this gargantuan total. Over ten million spindles. Over 200 thousand looms. Eight lakhs of workers are employed each day; three lakhs more than in the days of peace. In 1943-44, there was available for civilian consumption, 5,868 million yards of cloth in India, which is only 6% less than the pre-war average available supply.

So, you see, India's cotton textile industry remains faithful to its pledge to serve India's public to the utmost. The responsibility for the present cloth shortage does not lie at the door of the producers; through this war they have assuredly "delivered the goods."

Approach the Textile Controller of your province if you cannot obtain necessary cloth or yarn. Movement of cloth and yarn is entirely controlled by Government.

One of a series of statements of fact for the information of the public:—

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BOMBAY

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WILL IMMEDIATEL. GO ON THE SETS OF THE SPACIOUS

MINERVA AND *CENTRAL*

Studios with two of the greatest PERSONALITIES of historic and pre-historic times.

NURJEHAN

Featuring: MEHTAB AND

BHISHMA

FEATURING SOHRAB MODI

—AWAIT FURTHER ANNOUNCEMENTS—

Next THURSDAY on 4th Oct.

Director **BARUA**

who gave you 'JAWAB' GOES ONE BETTER in latest Social masterpiece

'SUBAH—SHAM'

Direction Photography:— **BARUA**

Starring:— BARUA, JAMUNA

Music:— SUBAL DAS GUPTA

Indu Mukerjee, Devbala AT

NOVELTY

HAPPY-GOODWIN RELEASE

DIRECTOR:- P.C. BARUA Presents

Booking:— HAPPY FILM SERVICE 290, Lamington Road, Bombay.

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Bombay's Thousands who desire pleasant Entertainment make it POINT to SEE

THE 'VILLAGE GIRL' *Co-starring* DURGA KHOTE, NURJEHAN, NAZIR, GEETA NIZAMI

गाँव की गोरी

Daily: 4, 7, 10 p.m.
Sunday Matinee 1-15 p.m.

LAMINGTON

Plans Open: 10 to 12 & 4-30 to 6.

THE STORY OF MOTHERLY LOVE AND SACRIFICE

WADIA MOVIETONE'S SUPER SOCIAL

PIYA-MILAN

Director: S. M. YUSUF

Starring: MOTILAL, NIRMALA, NAJMA

Daily: 4, 7, 10 p. m.

WADIA MOVIETONE

at

KRISHNA

DUBASH THEATRE

21ST WEEK AT

CENTRAL

A FAMOUS RELEASE

Laila Majnu

Daily: 4, 7 & 10: Matinees at 1 on Sun. & Holidays
Plans open 10 to 12 & 3 to 6

8TH WEEK

Daily 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
Sun. & Holi. Mat. 1-30

The Picture which will be evergreen in your memory.

SHALIMAR Pictures'

MUN-KI-JEET

Produced & Directed by: W. Z. AHMED

Starring: * NEENA * SHYAM

AT

KAMAL TALKIES

PRAKASH PICTURES' EPIC HISTORICAL

VIKRAMADITYA

Starring: PRITHVIRAJ, PREM ADIB

Direction: VIJAY BHATT

14TH WEEK **SUPER**

Daily: 4, 7, 10

Mat. at 1 on Sun. & Holi.

(EVERGREEN RELEASE)

FAMOUS RELEASE—4TH WEEK!

CHHAMIA

NEW WEST END

Daily: 4, 7, & 10. Matinees at 1.0 on Sun. Holidays

Plans open 10 to 12

SPARKLING AND SPICY FUN!

CHARLIE & SWARNALATA

In their gayest roles in

CHAND TARA

ASIATIC PICTURES' Comedy Hit

Daily: 4, 7, 9-45 p. m.
Plans open 9.30 to 12-30, 2-30 to 5 p. m.

CAPITOL

Bombay Release Thru DAWLAT CORPORATION
Distributors: THE SCREENS

The Theatre for the ELITE

ROXY

Daily 4, 7, 10 p.m.
Sun. Matinee 1 p.m.

Third 3 Week of Crowds!

"TARAMATI"

The Picture For the ELITE!
Ennobling! Emotional!!

16th WEEK

NAVYUG'S

Daily: 4.30, 7-15 & 10 p. m.
Sunday 1-45 p. m.

TAJ TALKIES Grant Rd., Corner

BOMBAY TALKIES'

PRATIMA

Starring: SWARNALATA, DILEEP KUMAR, JYOTI, SHAHNAWAZ,

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MAJESTIC

Daily: 4, 7, 10 p.m.

SJT. BIPIN SINHA, SURENDRA SINHA & PUPILS

Present

MANIPURI DANCE DRAMA

"NANICHORI"

& other pure Manipuri Dances

Sunday Morning 30-9-45 at 10 a.m.

SUNDERBAI HALL

Rates Rs. 2/8 to Rs. 15

ADVANCE BOOKING:— Fellowship School, Gowalia Tank; Tel. 42794 5 p.m. to 7 p.m., and on the day of performance at the Hall

5th WEEK!

ROAD TO

Fraternity & Freedom!

NEW THEATRES' EPIC CREATION

HAMRAHI

RADHA MOHAN, & BINOTA BOSE

Direction & Photography:— BIMOL ROY

Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p. m.
Sun. Mat. at 1 p. m. Advance Booking

MINERVA 10 to 12 Noon.

11th WEEK

MURARI PICTURES

SHREE KRISHNARJUN YUDDHA

Direction:— MOHAN SINHA

at

NOVELTY

Daily: 4, 7, 10. Sunday 1 p. m.

Ad. Booking: 10-30 to 12, 4.30 to 6

▲ RADIUM Release

CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Bhadrapad Vad 6 2001
Muslim: Shavval 19 1364
Parsi: Farvardin 24, 1315
Sunrise: 7-29 a.m., Sunset 7-31 p.m.
Hightide: 4-45, 16-36
Lowtide: 10-39, 22-49
Corporation 2 p.m. (Bombay Time.)

To-day's Engagements

COMMISSIONER'S ROUND: Municipal Commissioner will meet the elected members of Ward No. 6 at 6-61 a.m. (B.T.), on Friday near the building of the East India Cotton Association and go round the ward with them

MAZDAZNAN: Mr. N. F. Mama will give a special lecture on "Some Interesting Items of General Knowledge" at 6-15 p.m. today at Mazdaznan Alexandra Girls' School Hall, Waudby Road.

BOMBAY THEOSOPHICAL FEDERATION: Public lecture by Mr. M. M. K. Shibat in the Besant Hall, Blavatsky Lodge, French Bridge, Chowpatty, 6-45 p.m. (S.T.) today Subject:—"Islam" (in Hindi).

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF POLITICS ECONOMICS AND SOCIOLOGY: Sociology study circle will meet at 6-30 p.m. today at Arya Bhuvan, Sandhurst Road, Mr. K. L. Lalal will read a paper on "Village Disintegration in India."

RAM MOHAN ROY DAY: Choral service with readings (in English) at 6-45 p.m. today in the Prarthana Mandir, Charni Road.

WESTERN INDIA HARIJAN LEAGUE: Working Committee meeting at the office at 6-15 p.m. today Mr. B. N. Rathod to preside.

EXHIBITION SALE OF HOME ARTS AND CRAFTS: Arranged at the Sir Cowasjee Jehangir Hall, from October 1 to 6. Stalls to charitable institutions are given free and the entrance to visitors is also free. Exhibition Society's office is in the Central Bank Building, (3rd floor lift No. 4), Tel No. 27154.

BOMBAY RADICAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY: Open session of the Central Political Council at Kitte Bhandari Hall, at 7 p.m. today Chairman V. B. Karnik. Resolution on political situation by Philip Spratt, resolution on Adult Suffrage by Prof. C. D Rajeshwaran, Election Programme of R.D.P. by V. M. Tarkunde, Bar-at-Law Concluding remarks by M. N. Roy.

MUSLIM MAJLIS BRANCH FOR BOMBAY SUBURBS

In view of the Greater Bombay Scheme coming into operation from October 1 the Muslim Majlis of Bombay has decided to enlarge its scope of activities to the Suburban District.

Mr. Adam Adil, the Secretary of the Bombay Muslim Majlis addressed a meeting of the Suburban Nationalist Muslims held at Hill Road, Bandra, on Tuesday last and expressed the desirability of opening a branch of the All-India Muslim Majlis in the Suburban District. He explained the working of the Muslim Majlis in Bombay and stressed the need of nationalist Muslim working for the political as well as social uplift of the Muslims.

The meeting decided to convene a larger meeting of the Muslims on Sunday next to inaugurate the Suburban branch of the Muslim Majlis. Mr. Salman Tyabji was appointed the convener of the meeting.

FIRE IN FINLAY MILLS

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Fire broke out in Finlay Mills at Lalbaug, in the cotton mixing department at about 11-45 a.m. Several Fire Engines were on the spot. Most of the workers in the Mills assisted the Fire Brigade men and in less than an hour, the fire was brought under control.

The cause of the fire is not known. The damage caused is reported to be several thousands.

Two New Orders On Bran Extraction

The Director of Information, Bombay, writes: The Government of Bombay has cancelled two orders, issued in 1943, restricting the percentage of bran extraction from wheat and barley, and has issued two new orders directing every person in charge of a roller flour mill in the Province of Bombay to extract bran from wheat and barley up to a certain percentage of the weight ground at any time. The orders are published in the "Bombay Government Gazette" dated September 27.

Karnatak Congressmen Entertained

Mr. R. A. Jahagirdar, President of the Sanyukta Karnatak Sangh, Bombay was "at home" to A.I.C.C. members and other Congress workers of of Karnatak at Purohit Hotel on Monday last. The forty-nine invitees included Messrs. Divakar Jinaraj Hedge K. T. Bhashyam, N. C. Hardkar, Sri Nijalingappa, Ambli, Sriranga Kamat, Srinivas and Mallya, Murli, Mangalwede S. R. Dinkar Desai, K. H. Kabbur, Dr. S. G. Joshi. At the end of the function Sri Jahagirdar congratulated the guests on the splendid work they had done in the last three years to place Karnatak on the political map of India

TO-DAY ON RADIO

THURSDAY, SEPT. 27.
BOMBAY—1.

244 m.—8-0 a.m. News (H). 8-15 News (E). 8-30 Leela Rajopadhye. 8-45 Asawari. 8-50 News (M). 9-0 News (G) 9-10 To-morrow. 9-15 Roshanara Begam. 9-50 Bal Gandharva. 12-30 p.m. Songs (H). 12-45 News (M). 12-50 News (G). 12-55 News (H). 1-0 Selection. 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Music. 2-30 For Women. 4-20 School Broadcast. 5-0 Malati Pande 5-15 R. N. Paradkar. 5-45 Topical Talk. 5-55 Locals 6-0 Mahendra Bhatt. 6-15 Bhavgeet. 6-30 News (E). 6-40 News (H). 6-45 Malati Pande. 7-0 History in the making (G) 7-15 Saleh Mohammad and Party. 7-30 Leela Rajopadhye 7-45 Roshanara Begam. 8-15 News (M). 8-30 News (G) 8-45 At Your Request. 9-0 News (H). 9-20 News (E). 9-30 B B. C. News. 9-40 "Nand" (Sarangi) 9-45 Sports Review (E) 10-0 Elsie Houston: Soprano. 10-15 Cesar Coelho: Tenor 10-25 Andre Kostelanetz and His Orchestra.

SARAT BOSE TO SPEAK TODAY

Under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, Syt. Sarat Chandra Bose will address a public meeting of the citizens of Bombay today (Thursday) at 6-30 P.M. at the open grounds of Pannalal Terrace, near the Grant Road Corner.

Adequate loudspeaker arrangements will be made and special enclosure will be reserved for ladies.

Public Reception To Sarat Bose

The Matunga-Sion Congress Committee will accord a public reception to Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose tomorrow (Friday) at 9-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Napoo Gardens, Matunga. Mr. Sarat Bose's speech on the occasion will contain special reference to the student world also.

Tagore Society Reception To Sarat Bose Today

Mrs. Hansa Mehta, Vice-President, Tagore Society, Bombay, will entertain Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose at the Indian Merchants' Chamber Hall at 5 p.m. today (Thursday).

Jawahar To Address Students Today

Under the auspices of the Bombay Students' Congress Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru will address a meeting today (Thursday) at Chaupaty at 9-30 A. M Sjt Umashankar Dikshit will preside.

City Journalist Waylaid And Robbed

Mr. P. G. Rao, Principal of the Horniman College of Journalism and proprietor of the "Journal" was waylaid by a gang of 'mavalis' while returning from the A.I.C.C. on Saturday night. When he was walking along Lady Jamshedji Road, he saw three persons engaged in a quarrel in the dim light near the entrance of the Andhra Valley Power House. He paused for awhile to see what the trouble was and found that a poorish looking man was being assaulted by two ruffians. He shouted to the assailants to free the victim. As it proved later, this was feigned fight for that very instant, the bogus victim was released and the ruffians turned their attention on Mr. Rao. At the point of a knife they demanded to search his person and took away by force a gold watch valued at Rs. 200, a Blackbird fountain pen and some cash. With the booty obtained, they left the real victim to his fate and absconded in the darkness.

Immediately afterwards four other persons who were waiting at a distance armed with lathis possibly to assist the culprits if the victim resisted, also ran in the same direction and disappeared.

The police are on the track of the gang.

PORTUGUESE PAPER EDITOR COVERS A.-I. C. C.

"O Heraldo", the first daily founded in Goa, and whose popularity and influence is immense even in Bombay, had the pride of place of being the first newspaper to send a correspondent outside of Goa to cover political meetings taking place in British India.

This significant privilege was that of no other than of the editor himself, Mr. Amadeu Prazeres de Costa, who came to Bombay about four days back and has sent regular dispatches to Goa on the A.I.C.C.

Recognised as a brilliant journalist Mr. de Costa will acquaint the Goan public with first-hand reports of the momentous meeting.

He has followed the proceedings with great enthusiasm and alertness and means to convey to Portuguese India the great movement the Congress represents, which Goa up to this day has not yet seen it in its right perspective.

KENYA INDIAN'S MITE FOR NEHRU PURSE

BOMBAY, Sept. 26 (A.P.I.)

Indians in Kenya have responded to the appeal made by the "Colonial Times", a nationalist Indian-owned journal of Nairobi on behalf of the Nation's Purse for Nehru Fund organised by 'Blitz" and collections upto September 8 amounted to over Rs. 20,000.

Dinner To Celebrate Allied Victory

To celebrate Allied victory against Japan and to congratulate Khan Bahadur Sheikh Husein, the Superintendent of Police, Bombay, a dinner was given by Mr. Sharafaly Alibhoy Roowalla at the Taj Mahal Hotel on Wednesday night. Those present included Mr. H. E. Butler, the Commissioner of Police, Bombay.

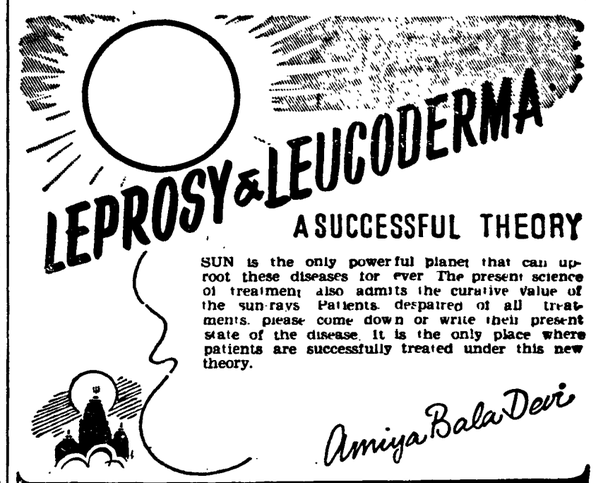
In a fitting reply Khan Bahadur Sheikh thanked his host for the honour done to him.

'PRIMA FACIE' CASE AGAINST COMMUNISTS

(Continued from Page 2)

Article One of the Congress Constitution. **But it stood to reason that the Congress should insist that persons who were not in agreement with the Congress policy should not be members of the Congress Executive.**

Replying to another question Pandit Nehru said that that position applied to communal organisations also. The Congress never said that members of the Hindu Mahasabha or of the Muslim League could not become members of the Congress. But it had made a rule that members of communal organisation whose policy was opposed to that of the League could not hold executive positions in the Congress; and some time ago it had been decided that the policies of the League and the Sabha were opposed to the policy of the Congress. In this connection Panditji also deprecated talk of 'purges'. Under the Congress Constitution nobody could be deprived of his primary membership except for misconduct or misdemeanour.


LEPROSY & LEUCODERMA
A SUCCESSFUL THEORY
SUN is the only powerful planet that can uproot these diseases for ever The present science of treatment also admits the curative value of the sun-rays Patients despaired of all treatments, please come down or write their present state of the disease. It is the only place where patients are successfully treated under this new theory.
Amiya Bala Devi
PAHARPUR OUSHADHALAYA
DINAJPUR B. & A. RY.

HUNTLEY AND PALMERS BISCUITS

Shipments will be resumed as soon as conditions permit.

READING • ENGLAND

Famous for over 118 years

IMPORTANT NOTICE

It is to Notify that our Bombay Representative Mr. Dev Narain Sharma (D. N. Sharma), who was previously working with Vishwamitra Daily, Bombay, has absconded from Indore and is no more in our Co.'s services. There are some very grave charges against him and necessary action is being taken. He now has no concern with our Co. and its journals namely 'The Swatantra Weekly' and 'The Daily Jagran.'

Hence no one should have any dealings with him on behalf of our Co. or Swatantra and Jagran. Any person doing so, will do so at his own risk and responsibilities. Our Co. will in no case hold itself responsible for his dealings.

P. C. GUPTA.
Mg. Director.
The Swatantra Journals Ltd.,
Jhansi.
Camp: Sardar Griha, Bombay.

Dated 21-9-45.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

I quite appreciate youth's impatience. We need both patience and impatience—patience with those who differ from us and impatience with ourselves.

—Pt. Motilal Nehru.

The Bombay Chronicle

BRITISH LABOUR AND INDIA

Several members of the British Labour Party have already begun to be anxious about Indian response to the new proposals of the British Government. They recognise that the proposals themselves are halting and uncertain and feel the justice of the All-India Congress Committee's remark that the new offer is "vague, inadequate and unsatisfactory." But being Britishers first and interested in having India united in some way with Britain, they wince even at such mild criticism and suggest that there may be something more behind the offer that British Labour means well by India and so on. The "Reynold's News", for instance which represents the radical section of the Labour Party, appeals to the Congress to believe that "the declaration of the British Labour is made honestly, that this time, and probably for the first time in the sorry story of Anglo-Indian politics, there is a total desire in the Government and the Governing Party in Britain to break the chains and make India free." Congress does not deny the honesty and good intentions of the Labour Party, but earnest Labourites themselves will agree that mere honesty and good intentions are not enough and that the task of conceding full freedom to a country demands considerable strength of conviction, a strong sense of justice and great courage, qualities not very conspicuous in the new offer. If there is more behind the offer, why should it be hidden?

In the article specially contributed to the "Chronicle" M. W. G. Cove, M.P., admits htat the new proposals, "as they stand, are inadequate", he is not sure that even these "will be effective in action—that remains to be seen" but he pleads that it is no use condemning the Labour Government downright, but we must "give some chance for pressure of progressive forces to effect some influence upon events." Whether or not the British Government can itself influence events, the Congress will certainly continue to add to the pressure of progressive forces. Mr. Cove does well to insist that "it should be made plain that no minority would be allowed to stand in the way of transfer of power and independence to India." But that is precisely what the new offer has not made plain. In her article on British Labour and India published in our columns on Monday Miss Iris Laker, ex-Secretary, St. Pancras Labour Party, repeats the usual plea that British Labour is profoundly interested in India but adds: "India's destiny is in her own hands. It is no longer vested in the British. The only factor which stands in the way of her complete independence is her lack of representative Government. There will be no cohesion while parties and Leagues split India, claiming their sole right to speak for her." Every country has its destiny in its own hands. If Britain has no longer anything to do in settling India's destiny, India will, of course, go her own way. It is, perhaps, suggested that Britain is not responsible for our lack of a representative Government or the lack of cohesion. Well, India will soon have a sufficiently representative Government. Only, she will, as in all democratic countries, prefer the rule by a majority, though the British Labour Government may prefer to let a minority veto any National Government.

Dr. M. R. Jayakar, Sir Jagdish Prasad and Sir N. Gopalaswami Ayyangar are normally mild critics of Government, but they are extraordinary bitter in condemning the latest Attlee-Wavell plan. "The British Government's whole object," they say, "seems to be to postpone a decision on all crucial questions for seven or eight months at least and then, when there is a renewed deadlock, to hold up their hands in pious horror and pretend that all their sincere efforts to hand over power to the Indians have been foiled by disagreement among Indian leaders." The old Cripps offer, with all its defects, had one good point in it. It was definite about Britain's obligation to implement the majority decision of the Constituent Assembly, subject to the right of provinces not to join the Indian Union. The new offer, under the pretext of doing more justice to the minorities, has taken away that definiteness. The whole question of a Constituent Assembly is to be considered 'ab initio, after the elections are over, in consultation with leaders. We are not even told that the old provisions about a Constituent Assembly will stand unless they are substituted by new agreed ones. Those, who emphasize the Labour Government's sincerity honesty and all that, may ask themselves if it is the highest standard of sincerity and honesty to leave every major question undecided or subject to the vote of a minority. However be the intentions of the Labour Government what they may, Congress will, as stated by Pandit Nehru in his interview to the United Press of America, accept only such a Constituent Assembly as is vested with real power to make final decisions and determine its own course of action. India will always remember that her destiny is in her own hands.

Frankly Speaking

Franco Must Go

The Soviet Union is forcing the issue as regards General Franco and every one interested in democracy will welcome it. M. Novikov, the acting Soviet Ambassador to the United States, has spoken plainly declaring General Franco to have been a "hireling of Hitler and Mussolini" and demanding that he be prosecuted as a war criminal. The accusation is literally true although, of course, it is doubtful if he can be tried as a war criminal. But the matter of practical importance is that he and his regime constitute a Fascist imposition on Spain. They must go. M. Novikov made a telling point when he declared that General Franco's regime was a Fascist danger not only to Europe but also to the Spanish-speaking countries of South America. That should carry weight. It is time for the democracies to help hustle Franco and his regime out of Spain and restore to that country its Republican regime which is what the people of Spain want.

Indo-nesian Revolt

Nationalism that emerged into active assertion in Indo-China has emerged even on a more extensive and challenging scale in Indonesia called the Netherlands East Indies. It is admitted as "powerful". And an Australian correspondent, who has toured Java and has seen the leader of the "Indonesians Nationalist Movement", Dr. Soekarno, reports the latter as saying that the Nationalists represent 95 per cent. of the 70 million people of the East Indies and he has proclaimed a Government with a cabinet of seventeen members. The programme of the Nationalists, in its basic essential seems to be twofold, complete break with Holland and "state control of economic resources". What is the essential nature of this movement, how it should fare and how it will in fact fare?

A Clear Issue

It will doubtless be sought to be damned as Jap-inspired and Jap-aided. In fact, the Australian correspondent reports that "Dr. Soekarno wanted to proclaim his assumption of authority but the Japanese warned him to desist". This suggests Jap association, which is sought to be further corroborated by the evidence of the fact that the headquarters of the Nationalists are guarded by both Japanese and Javanese sentries. Perhaps the rising has been inspired by the Japanese. But it is noteworthy that it is supported by the strike of Indonesian seamen in Australian ports. And this declaration of Indonesian solidarity is supported in its turn by a sympathetic strike of 30,000 Australian workers. And even more significant is the fact that the Australian Communist Party has come out openly for Indonesian Nationalist demands.

It may be that Dr. Soekarno's is only one of a number of Indonesian parties. But the point is that the desire and resolve of the people of Indonesia is, overwhelminly, universally, for the complete freedom and Independence of their country. The question is whether the victorious democracies will help Indonesians to establish a free and democratic regime in their country or help Holland to re-impose her imperialism by force of arms. It is a clear issue between self-determined freedom of an Asiatic people and European Imperialism.

Advance Hindustani

We published on Monday the time table of Hindustani classes, junior, senior and for teachers, conducted by the Hindusthani Prachar Sabha. There are several other classes of the same or similar type, spread all over the city and suburbs; but there is need for many more. Every High School and College should try to have at least one class in Hindustani. It is important to distinguish clearly Hindustani from Hindi and Urdu as meaning the language spoken by the common people in Northen India or as meaning, for all practical purposes, popular Hindi or Urdu without a large admixture of classical words. It is essential for every Indian to have at least a working knowledge of Hindustani so understood. However, if for any reason any people choose to be exclusively devoted to Hindi or Urdu, let them go ahead, conducting as many Hindi or Urdu classes as they can. They will thereby all serve, more or less, the cause of national language. Only, in their own interests let them make the language taught as simple and as widely understood as possible. That will help at least an approximation to ideal Hindustani.

Parsis And Congress

In his address to the Freedom Group on Parsees and the Coming Elections on Tuesday, Mr. Rustom K. Sidhwa, Leader of the Congress Party in the Sind Assembly, stated that the Parsis were progressive community in every respect and had recognised Congress ideals as their own. Parsis in general have indeed, always been progressive and loyal to the Congress. Parsi leaders like Dadabhoy Novroji and Sir Pherozeshah Mehta were among the founders and pioneers of the Congress. They have so identified themselves with the nation that they have always stood up for joint electorates and have never suffered under them. Maulana Abul Kalam Azad was naturally pleased but not surprised when the Freedom Group sent a wire to Mr. Amery saying that the Parsis did not require separate electorates. They may well take a lead in the nation's campaign for a united nation and united country and show diffident minorities that their interests are absolutely safe in any Congress Government.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Deaf mutes will not answer as servants.

★ ★ ★

Much of the charity that begins abroad never reaches home.

★ ★ ★

Muscle is of as much importance in a scull race as brains are.

★ ★ ★

You can't dodge the worst by sitting down and hoping for the best.

★ ★ ★

How a woman enjoys doing something for charity that she thinks wouldn't be right to do for anything else.

★ ★ ★

Paradoxical though it may seem, a wedding ceremony isn't considered a success unless there is a hitch in it somewhere.

ARAKAN RICE TO BE RUSHED TO BENGAL

Food Secretary Says There Is No Reason For Undue Pessimism

CALCUTTA, September 26. (A.P.I.): The Food Secretary to the Government of India, Mr B. R. Sen, interviewed on the eve of his return to Delhi, said that there was no other purpose behind the Bengal Government's rice export policy than to turn over stocks which would otherwise have gone bad by getting fresh stocks in their place. From that point of view, Mr. Sen thought, it would be more correct to describe the transaction as one of turnover than of export. Secondly, he pointed out that the arrangements already made provided for replacement of every single grain of rice sent out from Bengal—and even more before the end of this year. Thirdly, he was in a position to say that if the circumstances made it necessary, the Government of India were prepared, as in 1944, to guarantee Bengal further supplies equivalent to Calcutta's requirements in 1946.

Dealing with the rice crops prospects in Bengal, the Food Secretary said that he had discussed the matter with the Bengal Government who were now of the view that it would no unreasonable to estimate 70 per cent of the normal for the 'Aus' crop and 80 per cent of the normal for the 'aman', provided, October rains were adequate.

Be that as it may, taking other factors into account such as the carryover with the producer as well as the Provincial Government, extension of rationing and improved storage and transport facilities, the shortage which was likely to arise in Bengal as a result of damage to the crops was not likely to be one which could not be met by an equitable distribution of the resources in India, reinforced by adequate imports from Burma and the Far Eastern countries.

While the situation was one which required constant vigilance, on the part both of the Government of India and the provincial Government there was no reason to take an unduly pessimistic view.

Mr. Sen finally said, "The Government of India have arranged with His Majesty's Government for the immediate movement of certain quantities of rice from Arakan without waiting for the question of allocation of Burma surplus as a whole, either for this year or next, to be finally settled."

BANERJEE'S PLAN TO AVERT FAMINE

Says West Bengal Food Situation Has Worsened

CALCUTTA, September 26. (U.P.I.): A seven-fold programme to safeguard against recurrence of famine in Bengal including procuremen. of food from Bengal strengthening of food reserves, improved storage arrangements and preparedness for immediate applications of the Famine Code provision where necessary was suggested by Dr. P. N. Banerjee, former leader of the Nationalist Party in the Central Legislative Assembly and President of the India Association, in a letter addressed to the Secretary of State for India on the food situation in Bengal.

"It seems to me that the food situation in Bengal is deteriorating from day to day. From reports submitted after personal inspection by two important members of the Indian Association and from information available from other sources, I am convinced that the food situation in West Bengal has already assumed a serious character and that the prospects of the 'aman' crop in both East Bengal owing to flood) and West Bengal (owing to drought) are gloomy.

"Most of the people in the different villages of the district of Bankura are unable to secure rice even a high prices. The 'aus' crop has completely failed and the prospects of the 'aman' crop are very gloomy.

"There is thus no room for complacency on the part of the Government. I would request you to be good enough, if you agree with my suggestion, to instruct the Central and Provincial Governments to take the steps suggested without delay."

Dr. Banerjee has also sent a telegram and several letters to the Viceroy on the subject.

IMPLIED CONDITION IN SALE OF CAR

Important Ruling

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Bhagwati).

Noormahomed Haji Alimahomed .. .. Plaintiff.

v.

Messrs. Keyzer & Bachubhai and another .. Defendants.

The plaintiff, well-known among the public as the Indian "Charlie" had some time in August, 1943, purchased a Citroen Motor Car No. B.M.X. 1026 from the first defendant firm for Rs. 2,800 paid in cash to the second defendant who was the brother of one of the partners of that firm. A temporary receipt was given to the plaintiff on which was written "shall give your transfer letter and pacca stamp receipt." The registration certificate was handed over to the plaintiff some time later, but the police authorities refused to transfer the car to the name of the plaintiff's father as directed by him by reason of complications arising from a hire-purchase agreement under which the car had been originally purchased by the first defendants' vendor.

The plaintiff therefore, filed this suit for refund of Rs. 2,800 paid by him to the first defendants on the ground of breach of the implied condition that they had the right to sell. The first defendants contended that they had done everything which it was incumbent upon them to do. The suit as against the second defendant had been allowed to be dismissed on 3rd April 1945.

Decreeing the plaintiff's suit against the first defendants. His Lordship observed that the transfer letter was to be given so that the plaintiff might be able to get the car transferred to his name or of his nominee. His Lordship held that on the plaintiff's evidence an express agreement had been proved but that there was a presumption in law that it was to have been a valid and proper transfer letter which would have the effect of transferring the car to the name of the plaintiff or his nominee in the police records. His Lordship, therefore, held that that was the implied condition of the contract between the parties in order that property in the car might pass within the Sale of Goods Act. That condition not being performed, the plaintiff was not bound to wait indefinitely and rightly rescinded the contract. His Lordship rejected the first defendants' contention that the car had been damaged while it was with the plaintiff and passed a decree for the plaintiff for refund of Rs. 2,800 to him by the first defendants, with interest, on his returning the car to them.

Mr. K. H. Bhabha instructed by Messrs. Vachha & Co. appeared for the plaintiff.

Mr. M. P. Amin instructed by Messrs. Kamdar & Co. appeared for the first defendants.

TÊTE-À-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT

LONDON, September 26.

Striking words by the Soviet Foreign Minister, M. Viacheslav Molotov, late last night on the need for further strengthening of Anglo-Soviet friendship came like a wave of cool, fresh air from the Russian steppes to ease the oppressive atmosphere overhanging the meetings of the Council of Foreign Ministers, says "Reuter's" correspondent.

★ ★ ★

Asked as to what the League proposed to do for the Muslim masses, Mr. Jinnah is reported to have said at Karachi "I am not in possession of any Aladdin's Lamp".

We admire the virtue. But we cannot help saying that Mr. Jinnah's apologia is over modest in a man who possesses in Pakistan even a more dazzling Arabian-Nights fantasy than any Aladdin's Lamp.

★ ★ ★

The Jayakar Jagdish Prasad-Gopalaswamy statement sends on this moving note: "The car of State is now in reverse gear going rapidly to the rear. Can it be halted in its backward progress? Is there any hope of it ever moving forward"?

There certainly is and we earnestly hope the Right Honourable Mr. M. R. Jayakar doesn't decline.

★ ★ ★

AMNESTY FOR POLITICAL PRISONERS

said a headline and we felt extremely delighted for half a second till we read

Warsaw Govt.'s Gestute

and returned to normal.

★ ★ ★

Referring to the Egyptian demand, the Premier Nokrashy Pasha told Reuters "the international situation does not in any way justify the presence of foreign troops in the country".

Nokrashy Pasha evidently doesn't know much about the international situation and its surprising potentialities. He might usefully consult his brother premier of Iran.

★ ★ ★

Said Admiral Fraser at Chungking: "Britain is a small country depending on ships and sea trade. We must keep a small fleet out here to keepit it going".

This, of course, is an alternative thesis to Britain being a mighty Island country and Empire needing a navy in every water.

Incidentally the gallant Admiral forgot to mention who the heroic small fleet will keep from keeping British sea trade from going in the Far East.

★ ★ ★

Russia says a London message, has sprung another major surprise at the council of Foreign Ministers by suddenly raising matters of Far Eastern interest.

We hope the deadlock on Eastern Europe still continues so that Russia may spring yet another surprise by suddenly raising matters of S. E. Asiatic interest.

★ ★ ★

It is announced that the Soviet Union is resuming diplomatic relations with the provisional Hungarian Government and that the U. S. Government is also preparing to do so.

A Russo-American front? Our interest is rising rapidly.

New Role Of Employment Exchange

NEW DELHI, September 26. (A.P.I.) It is learnt that a proposal to use the Employment Exchange machinery for making recruitment for Government posts, has been circulated by the Central Government to all Provincial Governments.

KHAKSAR ULTIMATUM TO LEAGUE

Allama Mashriqui Takes Up Cudgels On Behalf Of Poor Muslims

LAHORE, September 26. (A.P.I.): Allama Mashriqui, the Khaksar leader, in a Press statement says:—"Last August, I proposed to Mr. Jinnah that in order to make the Muslim League representative of Muslamans in any sense, he should agree to my most modest proposal of giving out of 40 per cen, only 10 per cent to poor Mussalmans and 5 per cent to Shiahs, leaving 25 per cent to Khan Bahadurs and other well-to-do individuals who overwhelm the Muslim League. Otherwise, I told him, the Khaksars would help the poor Mussalmans to fight for their rights, as they constituted more than 95 per cent of the Muslims population. I made a similar appeal to Mr. Gandhi on behalf of the poor and depressed and suppressed Hindus.

"I am not in a position to disclose yet what reply Mr. Gandhi has given, but Mr. Jinnah behaved most arrogantly with those who met him in this connection in Bombay and turned them out of his house. This event has compelled the Khaksars to come in the open and fight for the rights of 99 per cent of the Mussalmans, who do not belong to the Muslim League and who are groaning under the tyranny of titled and rich individuals. I am sure that I shall carry every Mussalman in India along with me to the path of freedom, as I prefer a hundred times the rule of the British to the rule of Khan Bahadurs, who have proved traitors everywhere. I still adhere to the statement I made in Peshawar that I as well as all the Khaksars will join the Muslim League if Mr. Jinnah allows us into his fold, as then he will no be able to have everything for the flatterers round him and for himself alone. I only wish him to ponder over the fate he is going to meet in the next elections."

"I appeal to Mr. Gandhi publicly to think over the reply he has given me concerning the future fate of the eighteen millions of suppressed Hindus. I am grateful to him that he has given that reply in Urdu and this shows his conciliatory spirit, but if in Free India power is to be the monopoly of certain individuals, it is best that we remain under British until parties come to know the true meaning of democracy. I am sure I am voicing the feelings of a large majority of Hindus also in this matter".

CLOTH HAWKERS TO GET CLOTH-QUOTAS

Provincial Controller Promises To Issue Licences

Since the last one and a half years the business of the poor cloth hawkers was practically dislocated and hawkers were rendered quite helpless. But it appears that at last some relief is being brought to them. On 12th September representatives of the Cloth Hawkers' Association accompanied by Seth Habib I Rahimtulla interviewed the Provincial Textile Controller Mr. Thakore and argued the case of the poor cloth hawkers who were reduced to destitution. At the close of the interview Mr. Thakore stated that the issue of new licences to the cloth hawkers will start shortly and by the end of September the hawkers will get the licence. He also stated that necessary arrangements will be made for the supply of cloth to such licenced hawkers. After this the representatives of the Association met Seth Wadilal Chhatrabhuj, President of Gamthi Fancy Grey Cloth Association Mulji Jetha Market. Seth Wadilal deeply sympathised with the plight of the hawkers and on 15th September the representatives of his Association, in company with those of the Hawkers' Association approached the Dy Textile Controller and agreed to give cloth to the members of the Cloth Hawkers Association at 6-1/2 per cent over the ex-mill rates. Thus after the new licences are issued each hawker possessing the licence will get cloth from the next month.

Cloth hawkers are informed that after the issue of new licences, those hawkers who are not members in this Association may immediately approach this Association with their new licences and get themselves enroled as members in this Association. The hawkers who are members of this Association, upon receipt of new licences should approach the Association for nothing down the licences in the office of the Association, so as to facilitate the work of the Association in making out groups, preparing cards and fixing quotas for obtaining cloth. As such it is necessary that every hawker holding new licence should approach the Association immediately on receipt of their new licences. The office of the Association will be at No. 3 Kazi Moholla, Null Bazar Corner, 1st floor with effect from 1st October.

The Association heartily thanks Seth Habib I Rehimtulla for rendering energing services and exerting his good offices for the cause of the poor cloth hawkers and representing the case before the Provincial Textile Controller and the Government. The Association also requests Seth Wadilal Chhatrabhuj to approach the Provincial Textile Controller, Bombay, on behalf of his Association and make early arrangements for the supply of cloth to the groups of cloth hawkers of this Association and thereby end the unemployment of the poor hawkers

DEBT RELIEF ASSISTANTS

In order to protect the interests of Backward Class debtors and ex-soldiers concerned in proceedings before Debt Adjustment Boards, the Government of Bombay has sanctioned the appointment of 16 Debt Relief Assistants. These Assistants who are to be appointed by the District Judges from among practising pleaders not connected with money-lending, will assist Backward Class and ex-soldiers debtors in the Districts of Panch Mahals, Surat, Thana, Nasik, Satara, East and West Khandesh and Ratnagiri to prepare their applications for adjustment of debts and the statements to be furnished by them to the Debt Adjustment Boards, and will also act as a Government agency to watch the interests of backward debtors before the Boards.

The appointments are for six months in the first instance, from date of appointment. While they are employed for this purpose, the Debt Relief Assistants will not be permitted to do private practice. They will be distributed among the Districts as follows:—

Panch Mahals District—One for the Godhra-Halol Debt Adjustment Board.

Surat District—One each for the Mandvi-Valod and Jalalpore-Chikhli Boards.

Thana District—One for Murbad-Shahpur Board.

Nasik District—One each for Kalvan-Baglan and Dindori-Peint Boards.

Satara District—One each for the Satara-Javli, Khatav-Man, Patan-Shirala and Wai-Mahableshwar Boards.

East Khandesh District—One for Chopda-Yawal-Raver Board.

West Khandesh District—One for Taloda-Shahada Board.

Ratnagiri District—One each for the Khed-Mandangad, Chiplun-Sangameshwar, Rajapur-Lanja and Devgad-Kankavli Boards.

FRESH CONCESSIONS UNDER PAPER CONTROL ORDER

A further increase in the percentages of basic consumption permitted to consumers of paper, under the Paper Control (Economy) Order, 1944, has been announced by the Government of India.

An increase by 10 per cent in the percentages of basic consumption was announced in January, and another increase of 20 per cent in April. The Government of India has now decided to grant, from the quarter beginning in October, a still further increase of 20 per cent to different types of consumers affected by the Order. Presses and stationers will, from the quarter commencing in October, be entitled to use paper to the extent of 80 per cent of their consumption in 1943. Publishers of text-books will similarly be entitled to consume paper to the extent of 100 per cent of their consumption in 1939 and publishers of other books to the extent of 80 per cent of their consumption in 1943. Publishers of periodicals may now print 80 per cent of the number of pages printed by them in the basic period applicable to them.

In addition to this general concession, the Government of India has decided to increase by 20 per cent all concessions granted before September 14 to individual consumers. This concession in individual cases is, however, subject to the condition that the additional 20 per cent does not raise the concession now admissible to a figure above 110 per cent of the basic consumption.

OTHER CONCESSIONS

Other concessions which have been granted are:—

Permission to distribute advertising circulars relating to the sale of any goods or to any profession, trade or business up to a total weight of 56 lb. in a month instead of the 28 lb. previously allowed;

Permission to produce, or print, or make from paper greeting cards, provided they are not used for purposes of advertisement;

Exclusion of the weight of the mount from the permissible weight of calendars;

Permission to print a programme relating to any entertainment or race or sports or athletic meeting, up to a total area of 160 square inches instead of the 80 square inches previously allowed;

Permission to include in pocket diaries 12 pages in addition to the pages provided for entries relating to different dates, instead of the four pages previously allowed.

The exclusion of boards of all kinds from the restrictions on the use of paper for wrapping and packing purposes.

Plea For Removal Of Paper Control

BOMBAY, September 26. (A.P.I.): The All-India Muslim Chamber of Commerce and Industry, Bombay, in a telegram to the Government of India urges the immediate withdrawal of the Paper Control order "as it has already served its usefulness and its further continuance unnecessarily hampers normal trade practice."

THREE DESTITUTES DIE

CALCUTTA, Sept. 26 (A.P.I.)—**There were seven admissions and three deaths of sick destitutes in Calcutta hospitals yesterday, states a press note.**

Sir C. P. Meets Bhopal

NEW DELHI, September 26. (A.P.I.): Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer, Dewan of Travancore, who arrived here today, had an interview with the Nawab of Bhopal, Chancellor of the Chamber of Princes.

GOVERNOR HOPES SATARA WILL SPEEDILY COME TO NORMAL

Expects Representative Govt. Will Take Up Rural Development Work

In the course of his speech at the joint meeting of the District Rural Development Board and the Sailors' Soldiers' and Airmen's Board, at Satara on Wednesday, H.E. the Governor of Bombay said:

Since I decided to come here this September, however, the District has attained some notoriety on quite other grounds than as a centre of post-war reconstruction. I refer to recent outrages. No Government worth the name, whether it is my present Government of Advisers or the Ministerial regime, which I hope will follow, could tolerate such organised lawlessness. I hope that the remaining absconders with arms will be speedily rounded up or surrender themselves, and that I shall be able speedily to remove restrictions and facilitate an early return to normal conditions. I can assure you now that the organised terrorism which has afflicted the District in recent months, and which has resulted in grievous atrocities—the maiming and permanent injury of a number of peaceful and innocent villagers, has been completely checked. The credit for the defeat of this threat to the lives of peaceful people is due to the capable and energetic officers by whom Government has been well served in undertaking this task. In this connection I mention specially the District Magistrate, Mr. Dias, and the District Superintendent of Police, Mr. Abernethy, and their subordinate officers who have succeeded in restoring confidence in the District. One battalion of troops has been training in the district. They were ready to give help to the civil power should conditions have worsened and I thank them for the valuable reserve which they constituted.

I am very glad to be able to say that the troops were never called in to take any action and when they leave the districts I am sure they will go with happy memories of their reception and of their training. In this magnificent homeland of Maharatta warriors.

That is all I shall say about an episode which contrasts strangely with the magnificent war record of Satara—a record second to none in the Province, and one of the best in India in recruiting.

It is not of course Government's intention that the returned soldier should be the sole beneficiary of schemes of improvement. Obviously that is neither desirable nor possible. Government began working over two years ago on a plan of rural reconstruction designed to benefit not only the soldier and his family, but also the entire rural population from among which our fighting men come. Unless the Government had gone ahead, as it has, with such a plan, valuable time would have been wasted and great opportunities lost. I have always assumed, however, that this plan which has been worked out would be executed with or without modifications, by a representative Government. I have already made it plain that I shall be glad to see such a Government take over the responsibility for these great issues, but meantime we cannot stand idle—pressing economic issues cannot wait, and we are going ahead with this work, knowing that any Government which succeeds the Section 93 Administration in this Province will find that the foundations of progress have been well and truly laid.

BAN MANUFACTURE OF MUNITIONS

Surprise Demand Before World T. U. C.

Jamaica Delegate On How To Make Use Of Atomic Bomb Impossible

(From Our Correspondent)

PARIS, September 26.

Powerful pleas from delegates of countries, both large and small, for the immediate setting up of a new World Federation were features of the opening session of the World Trade Union Congress here yesterday and in this spirit the Conference got rapidly to the discussion of the Federation's Constitution.

A surprise demand was made by the New Zealand delegate who wanted the constitution of the new World T. U. C. to be altered so as to ban the manufacture of munitions by workers, declaring that workers must take in their own hands to ensure that atomic bomb will never be used again. The New Zealand delegate got plenty of cheers, but there is no possibility of an agreement being reached on such a major issue.

Two of the most dramatic speeches came from India and Jamaica. An impassioned speech which won general applause came from Mr. Ken Hill, the Jamaica delegate, who said that the immediate final formation of the World Federation brooked no delay. A perfect constitution could not be built in a day. Why waste words on it?

Mr. Dange warmly supported Mr. Hill's demand. There was no time for protracted argument and delay on the constitution or for bargaining about officials. He hoped that the World Federation would assist India to achieve her independence and improve the standard of life of her people. The British working class, he was sure, would join forces with Indian workers and help them to secure justice for their land. Mr. Dange added that his people had sent him to join in the World Federation as a means of securing independence from a nation which holds India under subjection. The Labour Government he opined was too slow in action and was still holding hundreds of political prisoners in gaol. Mr. Dange agreed with Mr. Hill that workers are tired of words, words and more words. He concluded: "Let us not disappoint them again here, India or Jamaica." Today we shall witness another battle of words—it will be between Citrine and Russian delegates.

IMPERIALISM BLOCKS ROAD TO PROGRESS

PARIS, Sept. 26 (A.P.A.)—Both Great Britain and the United States were criticized yesterday by delegates from India to the World Trade Union Congress who alleged that imperialist policies were blocking the progress of workers towards better conditions.

The speakers were Mr. S. A. Dange Vice-President of the All-India Trade Union Congress and Mr. A. K. Mukerjee of the Indian Federation of Labour.

Mr. Dange declared that independence for India was a pre-requisite to improved conditions for Labour. He added: "But we expect nothing from the Labour Government which has come to power in England. It is obvious that they do not understand our problem or situation."

He said thousands of political prisoners were still in jail. Employers both foreign and Indian, have cut wages sharply because of cutbacks in production of war materials," he said.

Mr. Dange argued that freedom for the Indian working classes was impossible while India itself was under British rule. "We still are not in a position where we can say that we have achieved freedom for our working classes," he said. "To have that, you must first have independence and the development of national resources."

INDIAN FREEDOM

Mr. Dange told the "Associated Press of America" after his speech that Indian Labour leaders, through the medium of the projected International Federation, will attempt to enlist foreign assistance in the struggle for national independence.

"An International Trade Secretariat is proposed," he said "The problems of Labour in each country will be brought before it and we intend to ask the Word Federation to help India in her fight for freedom."

He said that a motion will be placed before the World Federation for the appointment of Committees to examine working conditions in all Colonial countries regardless of nationality. "They will go into Africa, India, British, French and Dutch Colonies in the Far East," he said.

BOMBAY PLAN

Mr. Dange told the "Associated Press of America" that his organisation favours the Bombay Plan for industrialising India in principle, but not in practice.

"It is a plan mainly drafted by industrialists," he said. It does not emphasize as it should the rights of the working man.

"Monopolists in India are opposed to its industrial development. They want cheap profits built on low wages. That prevents the growth of purchasing power," he said.

"Indian miners are paid an average wage of 3 shillings and seven pence weekly.

Speaking earlier Mr. Mukerjee warned against "signs of imperialism and colonialism in the United States."

Probably referring to the absence of representatives of the American Federation of Labour he said: "We hope to be able to work with our American comrades although there are some American Unions with which we are not in agreement."

INDIAN FEDERATION OF LABOUR GOES AT I. N. CONGRESS

PARIS, September 26. (Reuter): The Indian Federation of Labour made a bid before the World Trades Union Congress to-day to eliminate racial bias and militant nationalism in an amendment to the constitution of the proposed new world organisation, reports Reuter's special correspondent, Paul Scott Rankine. A statement issued with the amendment told delegates from 59 countries gathered in the vast Palais de Chaillo, that nationalism was incompatible with the political objectives of the new organisation.

Giving a warning of certain conditions in India resulting from the war, the Federation stated that there had sprung up a "powerful" section of Indian capital backed by certain political elements which aspires to 'develop' India's industrial potential basis, cheap raw material and cheap labour. The objects of these elements are:

(1) Development of heavy industries with State financing of private enterprise.

(2) Expansion of export trade in consumer goods with State subsidy for capturing markets released from Japan.

(3) Regimentation of national economy on the basis of autarchy and low cost of production. In other words, militant Indian Nationalism of the upper classes is bidding industrial India on the basis of feudal capitalism in much the same way as Japan".

TATA AIR LINES TO RESCUE

Helping Transport Of Persons Stranded By Gujarat Floods

BOMBAY, September 26. (U.P.I.): In response to appeals from air-minded members of the public to run special services between Bombay and Ahmedabad to meet the situation created by breaches and dislocation in the railway lines, the Tata Air Lines to-day ran a special service consisting of three planes, each of which flew four times between Bombay and Ahmedabad in the course of the day. This has succeeded in relieving congestion at the Ahmedabad end, but not at the Bombay end. This service has been made possible by the Tatas obtaining from Government R.A.F. Dominie type aircraft to help stranded passengers.

The Tatas, it is learnt, will endeavour to be of similar assistance in the course of the next few days provided the need persists.

Several Lines Breached

BULSAR, September 26. (A.P.I.): The District Traffic Superintendent, Bulsar, writes:

"Due to heavy rains lines between Ankleshwar, Broach and Nalipur Vishwamitri are also breached and submerged under water at several points, and are unsafe for passengers of the trains. Transhipment is not possible".

On Viramgam-Baroda Line

AHMEDABAD, September 26. A. P. I.): Only a restricted trains service is running between Viramgam and Baroda. No trains are running south of Baroda due to serious breaches in the Bulsar district.

Baroda Plunged In Darkness

AHMEDABAD, September 26. (U. P. I.): Heavy and ceaseless rains have been pouring throughout many parts of Gujrat and Kathiawar for the last three days as a result of which culverts, 'nallas' and rivers are overflowing.

The railway communication south of Baroda is interrupted owing to breaches on the permanent way as the rivers Narbada and Tapti are in a spate.

HOUSE COLLAPSE CASUALTIES.

Reports from Broach say that streets and shops in the city are under knee-deep water thus causing great damage to goods. Some houses have collapsed causing some casualties.

According to latest information the conditions in Baroda are much worse. As the rivers Mahi and Vishwamitra are innundated submerging a wide area of land, telegraph, telephone and electric wires have been cut off.

The Baroda city was in complete darkness. Hundreds of passengers at the Baroda railway station experienced great hardships due to darkness. Water had also entered the Baroda railway quarters and occupants were rescued with the help of country crafts.

BENGAL'S POST-WAR PLAN

Looks To Centre For Financial Help

Liquidation of the Permanent Settlement, comprehensive irrigation and land reclamation projects, raising of the standard of living by increased opportunities for employment, development of subsidiary industries, vastly improved agricultural, veterinary and health services, construction of over 3,500 miles of new roads, implementation of the Sargent Report, strengthening of the administration generally—these are in the forefront of Bengal's first Five-Year Post-War Plan of Reconstruction published recently.

The plan is the first instalment of a 20-year project and deals for the present mainly with those schemes which are considered most urgent and can be executed within the first five years. They carry within them, however, as the Introduction points out, "the germs of long term policy."

The plan concentrates primarily on agriculture on which must depend the progress and well-being of the whole Province. It envisages the liquidation of the Permanent Settlement first in the districts of Bakarganj, Faridpur, Burdwan, Hooghly and the Sunderbans. It is estimated that this will take 11 years to complete but progress after the sixth year will be accelerated and the entire Province will be covered in 23 years. The cost is estimated at Rs. 12 crores in the first quinquennium.

To improve irrigation, two major projects considered are, first, the Damodar Valley Project, which is expected to benefit the districts of Howrah, Hooghly, Burdwan and Bankura and which the Government of India have since undertaken to execute and; second, the More Reservoir project which involves the construction of a weir at Khatanga and a dam for the generation of electric power benefitting the districts of Birbhum, Burdwan and the western part of Murshidabad.

In other areas in Western and Central Bengal, apart from numerous minor schemes, 47 smaller irrigation and drainage projects are to be executed, designed not only to benefit agriculture but to improve rural sanitation by removing water logging. The total cost of the irrigation and drainage schemes is estimaed at Rs. 37 crores 19 lakhs.

The largest of the land development schemes are connected with reclamation of waste lands in Western Bengal where it is estimated that 1,000 square miles of land have been lost to cultivation through erosion. Some 200,000 acres of waste lands in different areas are to be brought under the plough by reclamation under a Provincial Land Utilisation Board. Another scheme for the reclamation of 200,000 acres is designed to help in resettling 10,000 ex-soldiers and seamen. The land is to be farmed mainly collectively to facilitate mechanical operations.

The outlay on agricultural schemes will be Rs. 17½ crores.

A sum of about Rs. 4½ crores is to be spent on the improvement and care of live stock.

With regard to the fishing industry, the Introduction to the Plan calls attention to the almost limitless potentialities of Bengal's fisheries as a source of valuable protective food and recalls that the Bay of Bengal is the second best fishing ground in the world. The Plan provides for large scale exploitation of inland, coastal and estuarine fisheries, both with the help of fishermen who will be organised into co-operative societies and through Government enterprise.

Provision has been made for the development of the local Salt industry as recommended by the Bengal Industrial Survey Committee.

Schemes have also been drawn up for labour welfare and to gain experience and information as to the ultimate cost of a more comprehensive project, a pilot scheme to re-house 50,000 of Calcutta's bustee dwellers will be taken up.

EDUCATION & HEALTH

Primary education forms the most important feature of the educational plan and is to be modelled closely on the Sargent Report. It is estimated that to educate some 7½ million school children in this province, 50,000 schools and 250,000 trained teachers will be required. It is hoped, however, to achieve quicker results than envisaged in the Sargent Report. "Provided unforeseen difficulties do not supervene, compulsory primary education will have been introduced throughout Bengal in 20 years, that is, in half the period visualised in the Sargent Report."

In regard to Medical and Public Health, all existing hospitals are to be greatly improved and better equipped. A minimum of 16,400 beds are necessary for the Province and it is hoped that in the first five years the number of existing beds will have been raised to 8,900. Five hundred new rural dispensaries, each with two doctors, and 100 mobile medical units are to be started besides the 1,729 dispensaries now existing. A scheme also provides for the encouragement of qualified doctors to settle and practice in rural areas.

The total cost of the Plan at the end of the five-year period is estimated to be Rs. 159 crores or, omitting the cost of National Highways which are a central responsibility Rs. 145 crores. The ultimate net outlay, that is, the total cost incurrable to complete the schemes 'minus' amounts recoverable on productive schemes after allowing for such expansion only as is inherent in the schemes from the beginning, will be of the order of Rs. 250 crores capital and Rs. 31 crores recurring.

HEAVY BURDEN

Discussing the financial implications the Introduction says, "lest it should be assumed that the Plan is extravagantly conceived, it may be pointed out that it seeks to meet only the most urgent basic needs of the Province; needs, the fulfilment of which, could possibly be postponed, have been left unmet. That inspite of it the cost should be so heavy is due to the fact that for many years the administration of the Province has been maintained on short commons and that the departments that have had to go most short have generally been those most concerned with development."

This is attributed in the Introduction to "iniquitous Financial Settlements" and to the comparative inelasticity of Bengal's revenues owing to the Permanent Settlement. It adds, "The Government of India have suggested that this province may tentatively assume that Bengal's share of the Central post-war development fund will, during the first five years, be approximately Rs. 69 crores." It points out that "a preliminary forecast of Bengal's post-war finances shows that without increased assistance from the Centre, Bengal could not possibly carry the annual burden which the complete programme will ultimately impose on provincial revenues", and concludes that while Bengal "is doing her utmost to develop provincial resources, it is to be hoped that the necessary additional financial assistance will be forthcoming."

CALCUTTA TRAMWAY DEADLOCK CONTINUES

Improvement In Transport Position Due To Calling Off Of Bus Strike

CALCUTTA, Sept. 26 (A. P. A.): After two days the workers of the Bengal Bus Syndicate called off the strike to-day.

This improves the transport system which stood paralysed since Monday.

There were no bus workers' demands to be considered and the only condition for resumption stipulated that there should be no victimisation of those who organised the sympathetic bus strike for a couple of days.

The Government readily agreed to this demand.

The Tramway strike, however, continues. The chances of settlement of the tramway dispute seem remote.

STAY-IN-STRIKE IN COSSIPORE

A considerable number of workers in the Cossipore Gun and Shell Factory went on a stay-in-strike this morning, it is learnt, in sympathy with about 100 fellow-workers on whom notices of discharge have been served. Workers left the factory before the scheduled hours in the afternoon.

The regional Labour Commissioner, Dr. B. R. Seth, has taken up the matter for an early settlement.

Saigon In Virtual State Of Siege

British Indian Troops Rushed By Air

SAIGON, September 26. (A.P.A.): Saigon, storm-centre of agitation for Indo-Chinese independence, was under a virtual state of siege to-day after violence yesterday in which British troops fired mortars and heavy machineguns.

Annamites still were firing from places of concealment at French, British and Americans and there was a possibility of serious food shortages developing.

French soldiers fired machineguns, wounding several of the natives. That night at 9 o'clock curfew was imposed for the first time and sporadic shooting was heard throughout the night.

This was followed by a major outbreak on Monday, during which the Annamites seized the market-place and shut off all the city's power.

A French soldier was shot to death by a native and a French civilian was stabbed fatally in the down town commercial district. A thousand French raced to their homes or took refuge in the heavily guarded Palace Hotel.

American Army Transport Command personnel was summoned from the air-field to help guard the Hotel which is only two blocks away from the market-place.

General Gracey said that 600 reinforcements of British Indian troops had arrived by air. They began a house search for weapons and began clearing the main boulevard, working to restore the power plant and making arrangements to clear the highways to enable fresh foodstuffs to enter the city.

A French division is expected to arrive soon from Marseilles.

The Annamites have been ousted from Government offices with important posts filled in many cases by armed Frenchmen.

NON-LEAGUERS TO CONFER

Lucknow Move To Set Up Joint Parliamentary Board

(From Our Correspondent).

LUCKNOW, September 26.—Nationalist Muslims of the Province are meeting in Lucknow on October 4 and 5 to form a united front against the Muslim League by bringing together all non-League Muslim groups including the Muslim Majlis, Jamiat-ul-Ulema, Ahrars, Momins, etc. with a view to prove the hollowness of Mr. Jinnah's contention that the League represents 99 per cent of Indian Muslims. A joint parliamentary board of all Nationalist Muslim groups is to be formed at the Conference, preparations for which are going apace. More than 500 delegates representing different groups are expected to participate. Among those who are expected to attend are Maulanas Hafiz-ul-Rehman, Riazuddin, Abdul Wajid, Mohomed Ahmad Kazmi, Iqbal Sohail, Bashir Ahmad, Abdul Salam, Abdul Haq Madani, Mohomed Mian Farooqi, Khwaja Abdul Majid Qazi, Adil Abbassi and Mr. Hafiz Mohomed Ibbrahim, ex-Minister of U.P.

An open challenge has been thrown by the Nationalist Muslim leader of U.P., Maulana Yunus Khalidi, to Choudhry Khalik-ul-Zaman to contest the forthcoming election to the Provincial Legislature from his own seat (Lucknow City Constituency) from which he was returned last time.

Roy On Achievement Of Radical Democrats

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Mr. M. N. Roy speaking on "coming elections" at a meeting held under the auspices of the Radical Democratic Party at C. J. Hall said that the present election presents an opportunity to capture the leadership of the Indian people for the attainment of freedom. It is indeed a crucial test for the Radical Democratic Party to show its courage and confidence and claim its right to lead the people. It is the Radical Democratic Party, notwithstanding the handicaps created by the Congress, that has brought India to the threshhold of freedom and independence.

Viceroy's Executive Meeting

NEW DELHI, Sept. 26 (A. P. I.): A meeting of the Viceroy's Executive Council was held to-day under the presidency of the Vice-President, the Hon'ble Dewan Bahadur Sir A. Ramaswami Mudaliar, says a 'communique."

PROTECTION FOR LABOUR

Bhopal On Need Of Legislative Measures

NEW DELHI, Sept. 26 (A.P.I.)—The Nawab of Bhopal, Chancellor of the Chamber of Princes, inaugurating the States' Standing Committee on Labour here today said: "It is now well recognised that it is the function and duty of the State to protect, by Legislative measures, the health, welfare and security of the working classes. We in the Indian States have no desire to shirk this great responsibility and we are determined not merely to keep pace with British India in the field of Labour legislation, but if possible to go forward and set an example."

Referring to the criticism that Indian States were still very backward in respect of Labour legislation and that conditions of Labour in their territory were not consistent with modern ideas of Labour welfare, he said that the reason why Labour legislation had not been enacted on a comprehensive scale in Indian States was not because the States were wilfully negligent of their duties in this respect, but because industry had not advanced sufficiently in these areas to warrant such legislation. Some of the major States which were industrially advanced had already adopted most of the beneficent labour laws in force in British India.

The problem of Labour legislation in post-war India, His Highness observed, was bound to play a very important part.

Sir Manubhai Mehta, Sir B. L. Mitter, Sir Shanmukham Chetty, Sir Ganga Kaula and representatives of other States attended the meeting of the Committee.

Malayan Rubber Again On Way To Britain

SINGAPORE Sept. 26 (Reuter). The first shipment of rubber since the end of the war amounting to 200 tons left Singapore today for the United Kingdom; 8,000 tons stored by the Japanese in Singapore are now available for shipment.

Afternoon Session Of Stock Exchange

BOMBAY Sept. 26.

The evening session opened with small improvements but then the market remained listless. The trading was in four main scripts. Differed firmed up to Rs. 2,400 but then reacted to 2374. Rumours of fall in notes circulation brought in selling in differeds.

TRANSACTIONS OF ACTIVE SHARES

Tata Ordy 443/8 43 44 42 39 39/8
Tata Defd 2400 2395 85/8 91/4 81/4 88/12 83 87/8 75 76/4
A. Cement 222/4 22/12 22/8 22 21/12
Bombay Dyg. 2017/8 22/8 16/4 13/12 17/4 11/4 7/8 3/12 12/8 7/8 10
Kohinoor 621 18 17 18/8 20 14 18 14/8
Swadesh 574 72/8 74 70
Nagpur 405/8 3 7 5 4/8 3
New Great 398/8 96 95
Simplex 306 7 5 4
Indore 722 21/4 20 16/4
Scindia 38 38/6 38/1
Belapur 226/8 Colaba 251 Steamer 610 Petrol 5/1/1 E U. Ordy 14/3/8 Malhusudan 477/6 Meyer 201 New India 84/12 Hydro 202 Century 897/8 Finlay 292/8 Gokak 304 and Apollo 4

London Stock Exchange

LONDON, Sep 26 (Reuters.

With stock markets still governed by recent events being overshadowed by the London conference of foreign ministers and the Washington discussions, generally quiet conditions again prevailed but the undertone remained steady.

British railways have been fairly active and firm with gains ranging up to one-and-half on the belief that the recent reaction was too drastic

Selective support appeared among industrials with motors claiming a fair amount of attention while iron and steels were quietly requested and occasionally a few pence better.

Textiles, however, were inclined to be easier owing to absence of interest while tobaccos continued dull further reflecting reduced imports of leaf from America.

International dollar stocks after early firmness reacted.

Brazilian Traction eased to 30-7/8 after touching 31-1/4.

Oils continued firm in response to the Anglo-American agreement with Attock prominent two-and six higher at 71 shillings. South African goldmines were generally quiet but rather irregular.

CHINESE REDS FIGHT JAPS

Chungking Official On Violation Of Central Govt. Orders

CHUNGKING, September 26. (A. P. A.): Chinese Communist troops in North China are attacking Japanese troops in violation of the Chinese Central Government's disarmament programme, said the Chinese Minister of Information, Dr. K. C. Wu to-day.

A questioner at a news conference referred to reports published in a local Communist newspaper, reporting that the Japanese were fighting with the Communists in the north and implying, the questioner said, that the Japanese had attacked with the sanction of the Chinese Central Government.

Dr. Wu said flatly that this was untrue.

He said, however, that under the Central Government's surrender plan, the Japanese were to maintain law and order in their areas of Control until Government troops arrived.

"If the Communist troops obey the instructions of the Central Government and stay in their own areas, there will be no conflict," he said.

HIROHITO TO MEET MACARTHUR

SAN FRANCISCO, September 26. (A.P.A.): Gen. MacArthur will meet Emperor Hirohito to-day in the American Embassy, Larry Tighe of the American Broadcasting Company, reported in a broadcast from Tokyo.

Jap Army & Navy Denuded Of Equipment

TOKYO, September 26. (A.P.A.): An order from the Allied Supreme Command to-day stripped the Japanese Army and Navy of all equipment and directed orders that food and clothing controlled by the two services be turned over to impoverished Japanese civilians.

All weapons of the Japanese forces to be used for training purposes or for use as war memorials.

Goods destined for civilian relief must be handed over to the Japanese Home Ministry food distribution and all must be accounted for. Transport facilities formerly used by the Japanese armed services are included in this category.

China To Send Occupation Forces

CHUNGKING, September 26. (Reuter): China will send occupation forces to Japan, a Chinese Government spokesman stated to-day. The size of the force will be worked out on the basis of future necessities, he added.

Press Association Replaces Domie

LONDON, September 26. (Reuter): An announcement was made to-day that the Japanese subsidised propaganda agency, Domei, will be dissolved and a new agency known as the Press Association of Japan will take its place.

The President of the Domei Agency, Inouke Furono, and his colleagues will have no connection with the proposed new Press Association of Japan.

STRIKE IN SUPPORT OF JAVA NATIONALISTS CONTINUES.

LONDON, September 26. (Reuter): The tension in Australia caused by the large-scale dock strike in support of the Java Nationalist movement shows no signs of abating to-day.

Madras Share Market

MADRAS Sept. 26.

Following are today's quotations.—

Sugar and Breweries: Deccan (10 21/4 Deccan (25) 74/4 India Sugar 30/12 Mysore Sugar 58/8 Travancore 19/7.

PLANTINGS: Balmadies 1/8/6 Blue Mountains 1/9/0 Cochin Malabar 18 Chembra Peaks 9/10 Frinfords 14 High Produce 29/14 Kalpettas 31/12 Midland 13 CD., Nevilimpathy 1/5/6 CD., Ouchterlony 9/11 Uullangodes 3/1/6 Rajagiri 12/1 Thiruvilari 4/5/6 Valkundam 20 Waterfalls 1/11.

Textiles: Bangalore Wool 500 B and C Ordy 347 Cambodia 3/8 Dhanlaxmi 35o Jamardhana 122/12 Kaleeswarar 67o Kothari Tex 32 CD., Lakshmi 180 Lakshmi New 89/4 Mettur 262/8 Madura 74/4 Palani Andavar 152/8 Rajlaksmi 180 Radhakrishna 348 Rangavilas 187/8

Miscellaneous: And cement 118 Bruntons 9/3 Ind. St. Roll 8/12 Madras Save 88 Mysore Chem and Fert 2/ Mysore Paper 21/12 Mysore Chem Mtrs 29/4 Mysore Match 15 4 Mettur Chem 15/6 Mettur Chem Dfd 5/4/6.—A. P.

ALLIES TO SHARE NAZI FLEET

Truman Discloses Berlin Conference Decisions

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26 (Reuter): President Truman disclosed to-day that the German fleet is to be split into three parts—one to go to Britain, one to Russia and the third to the United States, cables William Hardcastle, Reuter's correspondent. This decision was taken at the recent Berlin conference.

No decision has yet been taken about the Japanese fleet, the President added. It would probably be worked out at the Reparations Conference just as the disposal of the German and Italian fleets were decided.

HALIFAX MEETS TRUMAN

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26 (A.P.A.): Lord Halifax visited President Truman yesterday and "discussed the world a little bit."

They talked about post-war credits and all foreign problems only generally, Lord Halifax told White House reporters.

The financial talks in which Lord Halifax is participating here are likely to continue for sometime, it was said.

"We have a lot to talk about," Lord Halifax explained.

FREEDOM'S STRUGGLE MUST CONTINUE

A. I. S. F. Urges Boycott Of Br. Move To Divert Country's Attention

The Working Committee of the All India Students' Federation (Nationalist) which met in Bombay congratulated the people of India on their heroic stand during the August movement and expressed the view that the struggle of the Indian and other colonial people against their oppressors must continue without stop until freedom was attained. The Committee appealed to the country to boycott any constituent assembly which was not invested with sovereign powers and was not based on universal adult suffrage. was also all proposals of the British Government which were mere attempts to divert the country's attention from the struggle for independence.

By another resolution the Committee demanded the immediate and unconditional release of all political prisoners and members of the Indian National Army. The Committee deplored the existing differences among the nationalist students and on a suggestion from the Bihar Provincial Students' Federation, decided to refer the dispute between the A.I.S.F. and the recently formed Students' Congress to Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel for arbitration and appealed to the Students' Congress to accept the suggestion.

"Rani Gaidello" Episode

Assam Govt. Says She Was Not Political Detenu

SHILLONG, Sept. 25 (A.P.I.): A 'communique' issued by the Assam Government says that statements have appeared in the Press that a "Rani Gaidello" has been released after detention on political grounds for more than a decade.".

It adds: "The facts are that a Naga by the name of Giadaliu, who has not (and has never even claimed for herself) the title of Rani, was convicted a number of years ago of abetment of the murder of four Manipuri traders and was sentenced to imprisonment for life. The sentence has now been suspended and she has been released on accepting certain conditions. She was not at any time a political detenu."

A.-I. C. C. RESOLUTION IN MOSCOW PRESS

MOSCOW, Sept. 26 (Reuter): The All-India Congress Committee resolution of Saturday criticising the new British proposals for India was prominently printed in all Moscow newspapers to-day.

A Soviet News Agency dispatch from New Delhi gave Congress criticism and views on the forthcoming Indian elections in some detail.

NEW YORK MUSLIMS SUPPORT JINNAH

QUETTA, Sept. 25. (A.P.I.): Mr. M. A. Jinnah has received a communication from the Indian Muslim League of America pledging wholehearted support to Mr. Jinnah in a resolution passed at a meeting of the League in New York.

Mr. Jinnah has acknowledged the communication with cordial thanks for support and encouragement.

TWO UNIONISTS JOIN LEAGUE

LAHORE, Sept 25. (A.P.I.): Major Mubarik Ali Shah, and Malik Sardar Khan Noon, Unionist members of the Punjab Assembly; have joined the Muslim League. Explaining the reasons Major Mubarik Ali Shah says: "The Muslims can persuade the British Government and the Hindus to accept their national demand for the right of self-determination only if they send a solid bloc of League members to the Constituent Assembly. The League is the only organisation which is fighting for the achievement of this national right of the Mussalmans and I appeal to every Muslim to rally round the League and present a united Muslim front.

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INDIAN MILITARY NURSING SERVICE (TEMPORARY)

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COMMUNIST LEADERS ARRIVE IN CHUNGKING

Chou En-Lai, Secretary General of the Communist party, Mao Tse-tung, Chairman of the Communist Party in China and U.S. Ambassador to China, Patrick J. Hurley, can be seen along side the plane that brought them from Yenan to Chungking for the Unification Conference with Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek. —U.S.I.S. Photo.

REHABILITATION OF BURMA MAY TAKE TEN YEARS

Jamnadas Mehta Says Destruction Of Communications Has Ruined Country

The fear that Burma's restoration to its pre-war economy might take ten years was expressed by Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, Government of India's Representative in Burma, in the course of an interview to a reporter of the "Chronicle", on Wednesday.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta returned here recently after a stay of about 12 days in Burma.

Asked about conditions in Burma, he said: "Conditions in Burma are naturally not pleasant after four years of the most hard-fought war, and I am afraid the devastation which the war has brought in its wake is so extensive and tragic that it will take ten years before Burma can be restored to its pre-war economy.

"The most noticeable aftermath of the war is the utter destruction of communications, which is so serious that the resumption of normal civic life, including trade, commerce and agriculture, will continue to be difficult. Even if production can be maintained, its transport both inside and outside Burma, wherever it is required, is not easy today. And that is the bottleneck."

He stated that the military had done what it could do and the CAS (B)—the Civil Affairs Service of Burma—had supplemented what the military had done but until a civil government as such began functioning effectively, the leeway to be made up would be considerable. Burma also would have to share with the whole world difficulties arising from shortages of all necessary provisions like food, clothing, housing, education, medical relief, sanitation and other amenities for civilized existence.

FAITH IN GOVERNOR

Continuing he said: "I have no doubt that the Civil Government which is about to be restored under His Excellency Sir Reginald Dorman-Smith will initiate a vigorous drive in all these and other directions and confident that he will be able to enlist the support and co-operation of the Burmese people in the great task and earlier than we fear Burma will once again rise to the heights to the Land of the Pagodas and Peacocks, under His Excellency's regime."

Mr. Mehta stated that he had met several Indians of all Provinces during his stay in Burma and most of them were very keen to return to India if only for a short period for a re-union with their friends and relations on this side of the Burma frontier.

In reply to a further question, he said that questions of repatrioation as well as the return of evacuees from Burma and the whole question of Indo-Burma emigration were under the active consideration of the Government and that he was placing before the Government of India all the materials that were gathered in this behalf for their decision.

"The question of Indian labour in Burma", he said, "its emancipation from exploitation which in pre-war days reached deplorable levels and planting its feet firmly in Burma under conditions which will bring credit both to India and Burma are the things dearest to my heart", he concluded.

Investigation Into Off-Take Of Foodgrains

Bombay Food Advisory Committee's Move

At a recent meeting of the Bombay Provincial Food Advisory Committee, it was decided to undertake, at an early date, an investigation into the off-take of foodgrains at the ration shops in rationed areas and foodgrains distribution centres in rural areas. The investigation will also be directed to ascertain in the relationship between the consumption of foodgrains and various other articles by different income groups. These investigations which, the Council believes, will be of considerable help in providing reliable data for the food policy of the future, will be undertaken with the assistance of Food Committees in the districts which are affiliated to the Council as also through Co-operative Societies which are in charge of ration shops in urban areas and foodgrains distribution centres in rural areas.

FUTURE OF ARMY VEGETABLE AND DAIRY FARMS

At the meeting of the Council, it was also decided to invite the attention of Government to the desirability of ensuring the continuance of the dairies and vegetable farms which were being conducted by the Military authorities and which, it is understood, were likely to be closed down now with the cessation of hostilities. Some arrangement should be made, whereby the vegetable farms and dairies could be maintained for adding to the supplies of these valuable protective foods available through them to the civil population.

SUGAR AND KEROSENE QUOTA

With the end of the war, it is likely that the position in respect of the supplies of sugar and kerosene may undergo a change for the better. The Council has drawn the attention of Government to the need for raising the scale, on which both these commodities are made available in rural areas, the quantity allowed being much lower than those fixed for urban areas and cities.

Gandhi Javanti To Be Celebrated In London

LONDON, Sept. 25 (API): Indian nationalist quarters in London are arranging to celebrate Mahatma Gandhi's seventy-sixth birthday on October 2nd. A meeting under the auspices of the India League will be held at Friends' Meeting House with Mr. William Dobbie, Member of Parliament, in chair.

Speakers will include Mr. C. Bhandari, Reverend Henry Carter, Mr. Lester Hutchinson Member of Parliament, Doctor Maude Royden and Imam of Woking Mosque.

Deputation Of Darul-Yatama-Islamia, In Bombay

Dr. Z. H. Jowhar, Hon. Secretary, Darul Yatama Islamia Howrah writes:—

A deputation, headed by Mr H. N. Siddiqui, Proprietor of Shafa Manzil Calcutta and Vice-President of Darul Yatama Islamia Howrah (Calcutta), will shortly tour the Bombay Presidency to enlist the patronage of, and receive donations from benevolent and charitable persons.

The Darul-Yatama is a very old institution which has been maintaining as also training orphans, many of whom are now successfully settled in life. During the hard times of war, and specially during the calamitous period of Bengal famine, the Darul-Yatama in spite of strained resources, opened its doors to a considerable number of destitutes. This compelled the management to raise necessary funds by taking loans, payment of which is now overdue. Apart from this, the Darul-Yatama badly needs a building of its own; the present premises inadequate for its expanded activities, is a rented one.

The delegation will start its work in the city of Bombay and I appeal to all charitable persons to help the delegation by their munificent donation so that a deserving cause is served and the helpless orphans are looked after in proper environs.

Casey To Quit Bengal Gadi

British Trade Unionist To Succeed Him As Governor

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, Sept. 26: Whitehall refuses to comment on the report from Sydney that Mr Casey is resigning the Bengal governorship: but non-official opinion in London takes the view that Mr. Casey has not arrived here for a holiday. An important Indian who recently met Mr. Casey told me that he feels that Mr. Casey is not very happy in Calcutta.

Mr. Casey's retirement is not expected before the end of the year and the new Governor is expected to be a Labourite, in all probability one of the Trade Unionists who is on Mr. Attlee's list of prospective Barons. It is argued that with the present acute tension between Hindus and Muslims, Bengal should continue to be administered by a non-Indian.

Oil Pact Terms Made Public

Joint Commission To Discuss Problems On Interim Bases

LONDON, September 25. (Reuter): The text of the oil agreement between Britain and the United States was made public here to-day.

It affirms two general principles:

(1) That adequate supplies of petroleum (crude petroleum and its derivatives) should be accessible in international trade to nationals of oil countries on a competitive and non-discriminatory basis.

(2) That in making supplies of petroleum thus accessible in international trade, the interests of producing countries should be safeguarded with a view to their economic advancement.

The preamble to the agreement recognises that "prosperity and security of all nations require efficient and orderly development of international petroleum trade."

The agreement lays down that all valid concessions, contracts and "lawfully acquired rights" shall be respected and that "there shall be no interference directly or indirectly with such contracts or rights".

Pending the setting up of a permanent International Petroleum Council under the International Petroleum Agreement which Britain and the U. S. are to propose to the governments of all interested producing and consuming countries, a Petroleum Commission is to be formed to discuss and resolve "on a co-operative interim basis" problems of joint immediate interest to Britain and America.

The commission will consist of six British and three Americans to be appointed immediately.

The commission will report on all aspects of petroleum trade but a further article in the agreement leaves it at the discretion of the signatory governments to act upon the commission's reports or proposals.

Another article provides that nothing in the agreement shall impair or modify any present or future law or regulation relating to importation of petroleum into the United States or countries under the British Government. It is expressly laid down that this proviso of leaving it free to either Government to decide its importation policies, applies in the case of the British Government, also to British colonies 'overseas territories, protectorates and all mandated territories."

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Sir Rahimtoola Chinoy, a steward of the Royal Western India Turf Club, has resigned. It is understood that Mr. C. K. Daphtary, Advocate-General, Bombay, has accepted the invitation to fill up the vacancy.

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2

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In their anxiety to further the industrial and agricultural development of this country, the founders of this co-operative organisation believe that they must have the support of those who will benefit most—the general public—and to secure that support it is essential that their aims and objects should be generally acceptable.

Here, then, are the principles which will guide their future activities.. ..

FIRSTLY, encouragement of private enterprise and the initiative of the individual.

SECONDLY, belief in the ability of corporate institutions to oppose anti-social trends, such as monopolies and cartels.

THIRDLY, recognition of the fact that the labourer is worthy of his hire and that in co-operative working lies the dignity of human toil.

FOURTHLY, confidence in the ultimate success of their ventures and in the capacity and aptitude of the people to give effect to them.

FIFTHLY, acceptance of the fact that ability is the sole test of merit and advancement and that neither colour, creed nor caste should stand in the way of harmonious working.

★

Scattered Selling In Share Bazar

NO BUSINESS IN BULLION MARKET

Cotton Declines On Increased Selling

BOMBAY, Sept. 26.

The Share Bazar opened quiet but soon picked up strength on renewed buying. As pointed out before there is more disposition to buy on declines and this support appears on moderate recessions. Tata Steel Defd shares opened at Rs. 2365 and advanced to Rs. 2385 Ordinary shares were placed at Rs 442. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 1995 and advanced to Rs. 2005. Indore shares were in keen demand and hardened to Rs. 722/8. Century shares were quoted at Rs. 890 and Gokaks were done at Rs. 302/8. Kohinoors were quoted at Rs. 615 while Simplex shares stood at Rs. 303. Associated Cements shares changed hands at Rs. 221/8.

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing 2015 Century 895 Nagpur 405 Swadeshi 573 New Great 396/8 Simplex 306 Kohinoor 619 Colaba 251 Gokak 304 Phoenix 650 Mysore 291/4 Indian Bleaching 163 Swan 314 Finlay 293 Morarji 740 Indore 726/4 Edward Sasson 662/8

STEEL SHARES

Tata Steel Ord 445 Tata Steel Defd 2388/12

ELECTRIC

Tata Hydro 202 Andhra 1835 Tata Power 1920 Tram Ord 148/12

CEMENT

Associated Merger 222

INDUSTRIES

Burma 565 Alcock 407/12 Bellapur 226/8 Shivrajpur 51 Steamer Ord 610 Scindia 38/2 Construction 211/8

CASH SECTION

MILLS: Apollo 4/1 Elphinstone 78/8 E U Ord 14/3/6 Defd 2/14/6 Indian Mfg 3530 Kurla 240 Khatau 322/8 Dawn 1100 David 1300 New City 368/12 Minerva 235 Bradbury 323/12 Bharucha Dfds 8/1 Bharat 59/8 Madhavji 19/4 Molel 255 Laxmi Cotton 1425 Vishnu Cotton 500 Western 2610 Sholapur 7000 Sassoon Cotton 23/8 Hindustan 38/10 Meyer Sassoon 200 Tata Mills 66/8 Ahd. Advance 403/2 Sassoon Silk 78 New Union 24/8 Poddar 338/12 Madhusudan 475 New 94 Shri Nivas 387/8 Raja Bahadur Poona 105 Berar 310

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad XR 168/12 Surat 255 Surat New Premium 118/2 Broach 12/14 Ajmer 14/14 Amalgamated 18/8 Jalgaon 11/9 Nagpur 48 Bombay Suburban 210 New Premium 100

BANKS

Reserve 140 Imperial 2230 P. P 568/12 Central 86/4 India 191/4 Union 9/2 Baroda 144/8 Habib 80/8 International 48/8 A B C 45 Dena Bank 60/8 United 77 Jaipur 67 Hindustan 52/8 National Savings F P 72 P P 39/4 Mysore 388 Exchange 50/8 Bikaner 29/4

INSURANCE

Oriental 6675 Empire 1180 New India 85/8 Jupiter 32/12 Vulcan 17 Indian Mercantile 62/8 Universal 15/6 Vasant 25 Br. I Gen 25/6 Bombay Life 875 Ind. Prud 51/8

RAILWAYS

Ad. Prantij 722/8 C P 108 Mymensing Reb 116/4 Guaranteed 115 Mandra Bhon 111/8 Sara Serajganj 116/8 Sialkot 117/8 New 54 Upper Sind 124 Pachora 98 Hoshiarpur 117/4

MISCELLANEOUS

Burma New 196/4 Burma Petrol 5/10/6 Tata Oil 71/8 Mackenzie 139/6 Port Canning 107/8 Zandu 211/4 Indian Radio Ord 390 B 411/4 Defd 425 Indian Investment Trust 120/8 Wimco 315 Tata Chemical 18/14 Dharamsi Chemical 34 Eastern Chemical 12/4 Mukund Iron 12/8 Dena Trust 23 Alembic 325/10 Supreme Industries 231/4 Jam Wire 130 Bombay Uganda 81 Bombay Cycle 35 India Cement (1937) 34 Walchand Nagar Industries 590 Kemp 500

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel 1st 226/4 Tata Steel Second 170/12 Tram 68 Andhra 1615 Tata Power 1722/8 Hydro 165/10 Bombay Steamer 347/8 Nagpur 732/8 Poddar 117 Elphinstone 126/14 Vishnu 760 Laxmi 300 New Great 251/4 Bradbury 537/8 Surat Elec 249/6 Premier Const. 1st 135 Second 135 Amalgamated 153/12 Tata Chemical 124 Walchand Industries 283/12

OTHER SHARES

Indian Iron 41/9 Bengal Steel 34/9 Indian Copper 3/5 B. I C. 7/7 Burma Corporation 6/5 6 New Victoria Mill 7/14 Victoria Pref 10 Cawnpore Tex 12/12 Raja Tex 71 Phalton 150 Gold Mohar 300 New Kaiser-Hind 2460 Sajjan 430 Osmanshahi 315 Ajamshahi 556/4

GOLD & SILVER

No business was reported from the trading ring of the Bullion Exchange to-day as members of the Staff Union refused to work. It is said that Chokseys are doing business at night which is strongly resented.

Outside some business was reported. Forward Silver opened at Rs. 134/8 and improved to 136. Ready Silver was quoted at Rs. 136/6. Forward Gold was quoted at Rs. 76/8 and advanced to Rs. 77/8. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 78. Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 52/12.

Business was being done privately and forward Silver declined to Rs 135, while forward Gold was quoted at Rs. 76/8.

BOMBAY COTTON

The local Cotton Market was quietly steady with a restricted business. At the opening January was quoted at Rs. 410 and declined to Rs. 409 under scattered selling. At the decline there was moderate buying and January improved to Rs. 411 but again quietened at Rs. 410.

Later on there was increased selling and January declined to Rs. 407/8. It was reported that the United States would give raw materials. Thereafter there was scattered covering and the market closed at 6 p.m. as under:—

I.C.C. January	409	0	0
I.C.C. March	416	0	0
I.C.C. May	428	0	0

High & Low Cotton Prices

BOMBAY, Sept. 25.

I.C.C Jan. Highest 416. Lowest 411-1/2. Closing at 6 p.m. 412-1/4.

I.C.C March Highest 422-1/2 Lowest 418. Closing at 6 p.m. 418-1/2

I.C.C May Highest 433, Lowest 429. Closing at 6 p.m. 430

Cotton Tenders

	BOMBAY, Sept. 25. To-day.	Total.
September	1650	48100

Cotton Parity

Indian Cotton January Contract is 704 cent points below New York January at Exchange rate 331.

BOMBAY PRODUCE

BOMBAY, Sept. 26.

The produce market was fairly steady today with moderate business passing.

The British Food Ministry bought 25,000 tons groundnuts at a reduction of 2-1/2 shilling and the quotation of £33/5 works out at Rs. 15/12.

In the local market Groundnuts Khandesh quality September/October were quoted Rs. 16/72. November/December were done at Rs. 16/6 and December/January were quoted at Rs 16/2 Castorseeds Bombay delivery were quoted at Rs. 15/8 while Navlakhi and Goa stood at Rs. 15/9. Linseed C. P. Bombay delivery was quoted at Rs. 18/5. Nizam State Linseed was quoted at Rs. 18/3 Navlakhi delivery was quoted at Rs 18/8 and Vizagapatam delivery business was done at Rs. 17/3. Tone of the market was steady.

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For MADRAS PRESIDENCY:—
Messrs. T. A. TAYLOR & CO. (Madras) LTD.
100 ARMENIAN STREET, MADRAS

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES

BOMBAY, Sept. 26.

MILLS

Apollo 4/1 4/0/6 4/1
Bharat 60 59/8
B Dyeing 1995 2005 1998/12 2003/12 1995 2005 2/8 15 12/8 15
Central India (Ord) 401 399 402/8 399/8 401/8 400 404 2 5/8 4/8 6 5
Century 895
Colaba 249 47 49 47 51
Edward Textile 667/8 62/8
Elphinstone (Ord) 78 78/8 77 78/8
Elphinstone (Pref) 126/14
Finlay 293 90/8 92 91 93
Gokak 303/8 4 1 4
India United (Defd) 2/14/6 2/14 2/14/6
India United (Ord) 14/2 14/4 14/1/6 14/3 14/2/6 14/3/6
Indore 705 20 13/12 25 22/8 30 26/4
Khatau 322/8
Kohinoor 614 12 17 12/8 14 10/8 13 11 16 15 17/8 16 20 19
Luxmi 1425
Madhusudan 472/8 71/4 80 75
Meyer 203/12 200
Model 256/4 53/12 55
Morarjee 740 35 40
New City 368/12
New Great 399 93 94 8 92 8 96/8
Sassoon Cotton 23/4 23/8
Shrinivas 387/8
Simplex 302 5 2 7 6
Swadeshi 570 73 69 71 68 72 71 73
Swan 313/8 11 13 12 14
Tata Mills 66/8 67 66/4 66/8
Vishnu 495 500

BANKS.

A. B C. 45
Baroda 144/8
Central 85/12 86/4
Habib 80/8
Imperial (Old) 2230 25 30
Imperial (New) 568/12
National Savings (F. P.) 72
National Savings (P. P.) 39/4
Reserve 139 40
United Commercial 77

ELECTRIC.

Ahmedabad 168/2 69/6 68/12
Andhra Valley (Ord) 1835
Tram (Ord) 148/8 49 48/12
Tram (Pref) 68/8 68
Surat 255
Hydro (Ord) 202 (Ex. Div)
Power (Ord) 1895 1920

INSURANCE.

British India 25/4 25/5
Empire 1180
Jupiter 33 33/4 32/12
New India 86 85/8
Oriental 6675
Vulcan 17
Bombay Steam 610
Scindia 38 37/12 38/2
Tata Steel (Dfd) 2362/8 81/4 67/8 76/4 71/4 75 65 80 72/8 86/4 81/4 90 88/12
Tata Steel (Ord) 439 38/8 42 39/8 41 38/8 41 40 42/8 41 43
Tata Steel (2nd Pref) 170/12 70/8

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 407/8
A. Cement 222/12 21/8 22/8 21/4 22/4 22
Belapur 227 27/8 26 26/8
Burmah (Old) 567/8 62/8 65
B. B. Petrol 5/11 5/10 5/10/6
I. I. Trust 120/8
Port Canning 107/8
P. Construction (Ord) 213 11/8
P. Construction (2nd Pref) 135
Shivrajpur 51
Tata Chemical (Ord) 18/14
Tata Oil 71/12 71/8
Western India Match 316/4 15
Madhusudan Mills 'B' 94
Bengal Steel (Ord) 34/12

Sales Of Treasury Bills

Tenders for Rs. Two Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 25th September. Total amount offered was Rs. 4,79,25,000. Tenders at Rs. 99-14-9 were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-14-6 allotted approximately 25 per cent. Total amount accepted was Rs. Two Crores, the average of accepted tenders being Re. 0-5-5 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. Two Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday, the 2nd September in Bombay upto 11 a.m. and upto the close of business on Monday, the 1st October 1945, at other centres. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 5th October or Thursday, the 4th October, where Friday is a holiday. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended 21st September Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 6,28,25,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

Calicut Quotations

CALICUT, Sept. 26.

Cocoanuts Raw 85 Dry 90 Cocoanut-oil 350 Copra Office 225 Dilpasand 235 Maddrasnottam 240 Goodgooda 230 Pepper Wynaad 345 Country 336 Dry-ginger Chernad 245 Ernad 230 Coffee Robusta 90.

KORIS' RATE

(From Our Correspondent.)
BHUJ, Sept. 24.

Hundi Koris rate is 377/378.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Sept. 26.

LONDON: Banks Buying 90 Days/st 1/6 7/32 1 and 2 months, 90 Days/st 1/6 1/4 3 to 6 months.

B. C. RATES: T. T 1/5 15/16 D. D. 1/5 15/16.

Banks selling T T. 1/5 31/32 D. D. 1/5 31/32.

Banks buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 D. D. 1/6 3/32.

LONDON-NEW YORK:

Banks selling T T. Rs. 332 3/4 D. D Rs. 332 3/4.

Banks buying T. T. Rs. 329 1/2 D. D. Rs. 328.

LONDON-MONTREAL:

Banks selling T T. Rs. 302 1/2 D. D. Rs. 302 1/2.

Banks buying T T. Rs. 297 3/4 D. D. Rs 296 1/4

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Dull.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c. Bank of England Rate 2 p.c.

Money:—Call, one and two months 1/4 p.c 3 to 5 months 1/2 p.c. 6 to 11 months 3/4 p.c., 12 months 1 1/4 p.c.

Tone: Very easy.

Reinstatement Of Accounts On N. Y. Stock Exchange

REDUCED CROP IDEAS ATTRACT BUYERS IN COTTON

NEW YORK, Sept. (Reuter).

Wall Street opened steady and moderately active and advanced under the leadership of rails with air transports, steels and coppers following and small fractional variations ruled towards midday. Thoughts of rising wages as a spur to inflation restricted application while the labour disputes remained as the principal argument against buying. The market met profittaking and extreme advances ranging to two points were trimmed towards the close. Dealings speeded up occasionally but slowdowns were frequent. Talk of a strike settlement and a wage compromise in the automotive industry inspired reinstatement of accounts notwithstanding the cloudiness of the labour situation generally. The session closed irregular.

American Telephone 182-1/2 (183). Amerex Corpn. 32-1/8 (32-1/8). Anaconda Copper 36-5/8 (36-1/2). Chase Nation Bank 41-5/8 (41-3/8). Consolidated Oil 16-5/8 (16-1/2). Firestone Tyre 63 (63-3/4). General Electric 47-1/4 (47-5/8). General Motors 72-1/8 (72-1/4). Ingersol Rand 124 (124). International Nickel 33 (36-1/4). National City Bank 43-5/8 (43-1/2). New York Central Rail 23 7/8 (23-3/8). Socony Vacuum Corpn. 15-3/4 (15-3/4). Texas Corpn. 53-1/4 (52-5/8). Union Carbon 94-3/4 (95) U. S. Smelting 69 (69). U. S. Steel 74-3/8 (74-1/2). Western Union Telegraph 49-1/8 (49).

COTTON VERY STEADY.

New York cotton market opened steady. The initial gains were extended on mill buying due to expectation of an announcement at any moment of higher printcloth ceilings, persistent inflation talk, reduced crop ideas now centering on in the neighbourhood of nine million five hundred thousand bales and emphasis on large-scale export potentialities including extensive Japanese requirements. The issuance of nine October notices was not a market reature and proces sagged slightly under realising and hedges. Latter prices steadied on evident stoppage of notices and persistent mill buying but finally more hedges appeared. Switching operations furnished the bulk of afternoon trading and the market closed barely steady.

CHICAGO GRAINS MARKET.

Chicago grains advanced on active buying credited to commercial interests influenced by a strong demand for cash grains and expectations that the commodity credit corporation will advance the buying price of wheat. The advance readily absorbed liberal hedge offerings and liquidation. However maize sagged due to favourable weather.

December 1.72-3/8 to 1.72-1/2 (1.71-1/4 to 1.71-1/4).

May 1.69-1/2 to 1.69-5/8 (1.68-7/8 to 1.68-7/8).

July 1.61-1/4 to 1.61-3/8 (1.60-3/4 to 1.60-3/4).

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Sept. 25.

October	22.70+04
October highest (2-26 p.m.)	22.72+06
October lowest (10-1 a.m.)	22.64—02
December	22.86+07
January	22.86+07
March	22.81+05
May	22.78+07
July	22.55+06
October	22.71+10
Middling Spot	23.19+05

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

October	22.62+08
December	22.81+06
January	unquoted
March	22.82+06
May	22.80+08
July	22.56+08
Middling Spot	22.30+10

NEW YORK COTTON, NOON CALL.

October	22.70
December	22.86
March	22.81

LONDON BULLION

Spot 44 pence per fine ounce. Forward 44 pence per fine ounce. Gold bars fine per oz. £8/12/8

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Rupee Paper 3-1/2 p.c.	74
Consols 2-1/2 p.c.	88-3/4
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 p.c. 1961	105-3/4
War Loan 3-1/2 p.c.	104-9/16
Funding Loan 4 p.c. 1960, 90	113-1/2 Exdiv.
Victory Bonds 4 p.c.	113-3/8
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	11-13-16
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Reg.	94-1, 2
National Bank of India	43-1/4

Predict Steel Exports To Rise

NEW YORK, Sept. 25. (U. P. A.).

Traders are confident a rising trend in steel exports will develop early next year providing satisfactory credit arrangements can be worked out soon, a Journal of Commerce article reported to-day.

The dispatch said that Belgium, Holland and France are reportedly asking for extremely large tonnages, both privately and through purchasing missions.

Ginnings Of American Cotton

WASHINGTON, Sept. 24: The Department of Agriculture announced cotton ginnings upto September 16th totalled 1,020,000 bales

Reduction Of Rs. 7½ Crores In Note Circulation

An Account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934, for the week ended the 21st day of September.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES

	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	18,35,41,000
Notes in circulation	11,43,74,26,000
Total Notes issued	11,62,09,67,000
Total Liabilities	11,62,09,67,000

ASSETS

	Rs.
A. Gold Coin and Bullion:—	
(a) Held in India	44,41 43,000
(b) Held outside India	
Sterling Securities	10,42,32,89,000
Total of A	10,86,74 82,000
B Rupee Coin	17,51,06,000
Government of India Rupee Securities	57,84,29 ,000
Total Assets	11,62,09,67,000

LIABILITIES

	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00 00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government	
(1) Central Government of India	379,45,90,000
(2) Government of Burma	1,00,08,000
(3) Other Government Accounts	23,15,94,000
(b) Banks	105,97 96,000
(c) Others	9,91,04,000
Bills Payable	2,14,19 000
Other Liabilities	6,88,36,000
Rupees	540,53 43,000

ASSETS

	Rs.
Notes	18,35,41,000
Rupee Coin	29,19,000
Subsidiary Coin	4,25 000
Bills Purchased and Discounted:—	
(c) Government Treasury Bills	3,92,89,000
Balances held abroad	492,33,00,000
Investments	20 29,86,000
Other Assets	6,28,23,000
Rupees	540,53,43,000

"Hireling Of Hitler And Mussolini"

Acting Soviet Ambassador To U.S. Demands Franco's Prosecution As War Criminal

NEW YORK Sept 25 (Reuter): M Nikolai Novikov, acting Soviet Ambassador to the United States, to-day called General Francisco Franco a "hireling of Hitler and Mussolini" and declared that he should be prosecuted as a war criminal.

M. Novikov who was speaking at a mass rally in "salute to Spanish Republicans" said, "by his aggressive actions against the Soviet Union General Franco has put himself on the same level with Hitler and Mussolini, and in the same measure as they, he is subject to prosecution as a war criminal.

"The regime of Fascist dictatorship in Spain will be abolished". Nowhere would the re-establishment of democracy in Spain be more welcome than in the Soviet Union M. Novikov declared.

Doctor Juan Negrin the former Premier of Spain has sent a message to the rally from Mexico stating "as long as the Fascist regime survives in Spain, the danger of Fascism in Europe and in Spanish speaking America will hang over us."

WOMAN LEADER PLEADS FOR END OF FRANCO

From Toulouse "La Passionaria"—Senora Dolores Ibarriuri, Republican woman leader has sent a plea "to put an end to the Franco terror" and asking "all democratic Governments to break off diplomatic relations with Franco's Spain."

NEW YORK BUSINESS AT STANDSTILL

NEW YORK, Sept. 25 (UPA): Whether it be London, Bombay, Paris, Calcutta or Rome, in no city would an elevator strike throttle business like except here where six-een thousand operators, who run the lifts of more than two thousand sky-scrapers centred mainly in the textile and financial districts, con-inued their protest strike to-day against shortened hours and reduced pay and threatened to spread the strike throughout the city, including hotels and apartment buildings.

The Telephone Company reported that the strike precipitated one million extra calls on Monday—making a total of twelve million calls in the heaviest telephone traffic since the false European victory flash.

The textile industry almost reached a stand-still as workers refused to mount the stairs to their jobs.

Jokingly, however, two soldiers and a sailor climbed up the one hundred and two story Empire State Building to the observation tower.

Generally the workers and others have taken the strike as a fortunate holiday and gay, festive crowds throng the streets.

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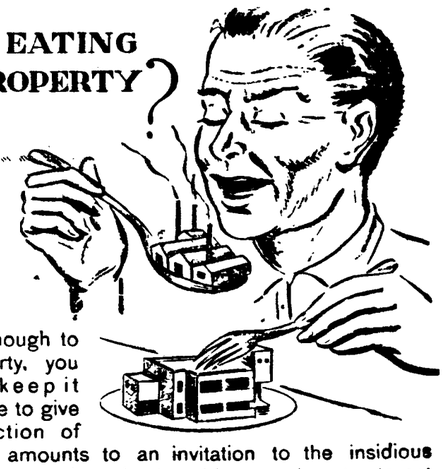

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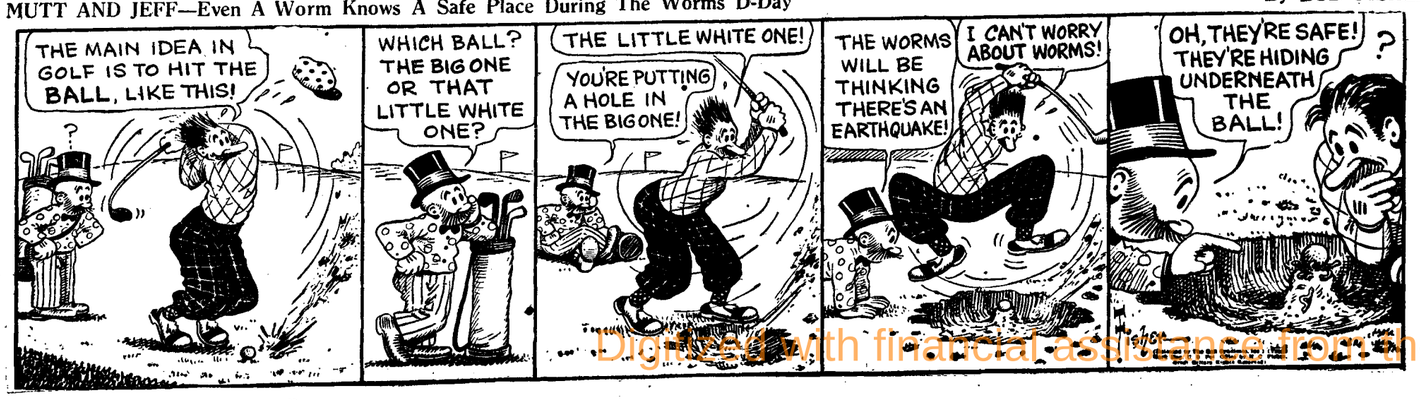
MUTT AND JEFF—Even A Worm Knows A Safe Place During The Worms D-Day

By BUD FISHER


THE MAIN IDEA IN GOLF IS TO HIT THE BALL, LIKE THIS!
WHICH BALL? THE BIG ONE OR THAT LITTLE WHITE ONE?
THE LITTLE WHITE ONE!
YOU'RE PUTTING A HOLE IN THE BIG ONE!
THE WORMS WILL BE THINKING THERE'S AN EARTHQUAKE!
I CAN'T WORRY ABOUT WORMS!
OH, THEY'RE SAFE! THEY'RE HIDING UNDERNEATH THE BALL!

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

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Wanted immediately two General Clerks with strong English and good hand. Gujarati or Maharashtrian Matriculates only need apply personally with handwritten applications giving full details and mentioning minimum salary expected at 4 p. m. today to: Mohan Sons & Co., Manekji Wadia Buildings, Opposite University Gardens. (9451)

Applications are invited for the post of a Librarian in the R. A. Podar College of Commerce and Economics, Matunga, Bombay, 19 Minimum qualifications required for the post are a degree in Economics or Commerce and a Diploma in Librarianship. Applications should reach the Principal not later than 10th October, 1945. (4936)

Applications are invited for posts of Sub-editor and Senior Sub-editor. Apply stating detailed qualifications, experience and salary required to Managing Editor, "The Hindustan Times", New Delhi. Minimum practical experience three years. (4900A)

Applications are invited for the post of Assistant Editor with special qualifications for writing articles on current political and economic subjects. Salary Rs. 500|- and above according to merits. Apply Managing Editor, "The Hindustan Times", New Delhi. (4900)

Wanted immediately Lecturer for Physics for Inter classes in the grade 100-10-200 E.B. 250. Apply to the Secretary S. D. Inter College, Muzaffarnagar. (4898)

TO BE LET

Gentleman having double-room at Gokhale Road desires exchange it with any suitable flat. Apply Box No. 9481, "Bombay Chronicle."

ACCOMMODATION WANTED

Wanted immediately Small Industrial Places with or without power, Agricultural Lands, Buildings, Vacant Plots, Gardens and Orchards. Khergamwala, 315, Lamington Road, Grant Road. (9477)

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Get Medical Diplomas at home: Ayurvedic, Unani, Homoeopathic. Prospectus free. Old Indian Medical College, Kotgarh, Simla. (9415)

Certificate and D.Com. Degree November Examinations commence everywhere. Deposit entries. Become F.S.C. Society of Commerce, Sohangunj, Delhi. (4637C)

Scholarships available for education in India or abroad. Parents, Guardians and students interested in this matter should write us for particulars. Scholarship Corporation of India Ltd., Post-Bag No. 1044, Bombay 1. (9383)

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Reliable and Reputed Exporters of Sind interested to handle Chief Agency business in Fire, Life, Marine etc. for Sind Baluchistan, Punjab and Rajputana of well-established and Popular Insurance Company. Those interested please communicate. Bhagwan K. Mandhyan, D 41, R. Bhat Hostel. Byculla, Bombay. (9476)

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Wanted—An Agent to represent us in the Bombay Presidency for sale of Rat Traps. Apply: Frontier Tin & Iron Works, Jullundur Cantt. 9470

Wanted Agents on decent commission to sell the remaining unsold shares of the India Provident Co., Ltd. the biggest & oldest Company. Paid dividend more than 500 p.c. Apply to the Secretary, 10, Clive Row, Calcutta. (9436)

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PUBLIC NOTICES

AIR SERVICES OF INDIA, LIMITED.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the EIGHTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Scindia House, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, on Thursday, the 27th September, 1945, at 4 P.M. (S.T.) and an Extra-ordinary General Meeting of the same Company at the same place and on the same day at 4-15 P.M. (S.T.) or soon after the Eighth Ordinary General Meeting of the Company is over to transact the business stated in the respective notices posted to shareholders individually.

TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will remain CLOSED from 24th to 29th September, 1945, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
For Kabali & Co., Ltd.,
SHANTIKUMAR N. MORARJEE,
Managing Director,
Managing Agents.

Scindia House,
Ballard Estate,
Bombay, 15-8-45.

(4606)

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4936

COUNCIL OF POST-GRADUATE TEACHING IN SCIENCE UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS for admission to Soap Diploma Classes under the Department of Applied Chemistry are invited from students passing their B.Sc. Examination with Chemistry, Physics and Mathematics. The Classes will begin on the 20th November, 1945. The course comprises of one year and fee is Rs. 25|- per month.

S. N. MITRA,
Secretary.

Asutosh Buildings,
19-9-1945.

(4937)

NOTICE.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF DISPOSALS
(DISPOSALS DIRECTORATE)

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchase of the following stores, available at the Central Provision Depot, Dehu:—

FLY FLAPS 100,000 Nos.

2. The goods will be sold without guarantee of their condition and subject to the conditions of contract laid down in form Con. 117 which can be seen at the offices of the Controllers of Supplies (Disposals Branch) at Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Cawnpore, Karachi and Lahore and Director of Disposals, New Delhi.

3. Samples can be seen at any of the offices mentioned in para 2 above. The stores can also be inspected at site on permits to be issued by Director of Disposals, New Delhi, on request.

4. Offers in tenderer's own form in a sealed cover superscribed "Tender No. DGD|SR-1752|TIM" should be accompanied by a deposit at call receipt for Rs. 200|- deposited as earnest money in the Imperial or Reserve Bank of India or a Government Treasury in favour of Director of Disposals, New Delhi.

5. Tender should reach Director of Disposals, Shahjehan Road, New Delhi by 4 P.M. on 3-10-45.

6. Offers should remain open for acceptance upto 15-10-45.

7 Delivery of the stores will be ex site and removal should be completed by 31-10-45.

8. Tenderers will be at liberty to quote for the entire quantity or a portion thereof.

9. Rates should be quoted per thousand.

4833

PROPERTIES FOR SALE

For Sale "Kings Cliffe", in Havelock Road, Octacamund. Best Locality. Extent 4.48 acres. Very spacious, with glazed verandahs, Drawing, sitting, and study rooms, Kitchen, pantry, etc.—Cottage with glazed verandah and three comfortable bedrooms with bath rooms. All exquisitely furnished. Garage, water-godown and servants quarters. Was let out for Rs. 6,000|- for three months 1944 season. Now under occupation by Government —Rs. 500 per mensem—Price Rs. 75,000|- or near offer. Write to Box No. 9465, "Bombay Chronicle."

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the posts of Accounts Supervisors from Bachelors of Commerce, with Bombay domicile, on a pay of Rs. 100-5-175, in connection with the Civil Supply Scheme, for work in the Sholapur, Satara, Ratnagiri, Bijapur, Dharwar and Kanara Districts. The work involves touring in the talukas of the District to which posted, for which travelling allowance under the Bombay Civil Services Rules will be given. No travelling allowance will be given to join first appointment. Nobody who is not willing to work in at least one of the above Districts need apply. Applications should be sent to the Chief Accounts Officer, Finance Department (Supply), Council Hall, Bombay, so as to reach him not later than the 5th October 1945.

V. V. VADHAVKAR,
Assistant Establishment Officer,
Finance Department (Supply),
Bombay.

(4944)

ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE CO. LTD.,

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of Policy No. 553038 on the life of Mr. RAMLAL KALURAM PACHARIA of Sholapur, a duplicate policy will be issued unless objection is lodged with us within one month from this date.

H. E. JONES,
Manager.

Bombay, 27th Sept. 1945.

(9482)

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that 52 share certificates bearing Nos. 34509|38, 41003|15, 84876|80, 91045, 93531, 98780 and 99021 in respect of shares numbered 255400|549, 298903|64, 583064|85, 639052|56, 656586 92, 692314|32 and 697907|908 of the Associated Cement Companies Limited standing in the name of Chatrabhuj Gordhandas Soonderdas have been lost or mislaid, and the undersigned has applied to the Company to issue duplicate share certificates for the said shares.

Any person in possession of the said share certificates and|or having any claim to the said shares should notify to and lodge such claim with the Company at its Registered Office at Esplanade House, Waudby Road, Bombay, within one month from the date hereof after which period no claim will be considered and the Directors will proceed to deal with the said application and issue duplicate share certificates if they think fit.

Dated this 26th day of September, 1945.

For and on behalf of Chatrabhuj Gordhandas Soonderdas
By the hand of
DEVIDAS RUPJI,
Constituted Attorney.

4941

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Partnership subsisting between (1) RAHIMTULLA DAWOOD, (2) ABDUL SATAR HAJI ABDUL KARIM and (3) MANZOOR NAZAR HASHRI, carrying on business under the name of Messrs. Manzoor Production, formerly at Shivaji Park, Cadel Road and later on at Africa House, Mahomedalli Road, has been dissolved as from the 18th day of September, 1945, so far as it concerns the said Manzoor Nazar Hashri who retired from the said Firm on that day.

Dated this 26th day of September, 1945.

MAZAGONWALLA & CO.,
Attorneys for continuing partners.

(4942)

PUBLIC NOTICES

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY

Due to interruption of through communication, the following additional Passenger trains on the Broad Gauge System which were notified to be introduced from 1st October 1945 will not run until the breaches are repaired:—

Nos. 19 Dn|20 Up Express between Bombay and Delhi. These trains will however continue to run as Passenger trains between Baroda and Delhi as at present.

Nos. 35 Dn|36 Up Mixed between Baroda and Muttra Jn. Nos. 93 Dn|92 Up Passenger between Bayana and Agra Fort. Nos. 13 Dn|14 Up Passenger between Bulsar and Surat.

(4943)

THE ASSOCIATED BANKING CORPORATION OF INDIA, LTD.

THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY INFORMED that a BRANCH of the above Bank will be opened to-day the 27th instant at Cochin at the hands of Hon. Mr, K. S. Krishnaswami Iyengar, the Chief Justice of the place.

Secretary.

4926

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF BIG LOTS OF TIMBER SCRAP

By order of the Controller of Supplies, Disposals Branch, Bombay, M|s Gandhi & Co., will offer for sale by Public Auction on THURSDAY, 27-9-45 at 3 p. m. (S. T.) at Government Timber Salvage Depot, Matunga, opp. Wadala station—

Big lots of C. K. D. Wastage and timber removed from Packing cases, etc.

Terms: 20% Deposit.

GANDHI & CO.

BONA FIDE AUCTION SALE

ON VIEW—GRAND AUCTION SALE of high class Jacobean and modern Dining Drawing and Bedroom furniture, Radio, A. C. Table Fans, Steel Cupboards, Safe, Carpets, Singer Machine, Window Curtains, Camera, Cane Chairs, English Canteen Cutlery, Rich Glassware, Platedware, etc., on Sunday 30th inst., at 10-30 A.M. (S.T.) at 'Belmont", opp. H. H. Maharaja of Bikaner's Bungalow, Nepean Sea Road. Property of R. C. Summerhayes, Esqr., of Burma Shell Oil Co., Auctioneers, MISTRY & CO., Tel. No. 22801.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY KNOWN AS "MALDON HOUSE" AT MARINE LINES.

Under instructions from Messrs. Sarabhai Ltd. the owners of the Property Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by Public Auction TODAY THURSDAY, the 27th September, 1945, at 5 p.m. (N.S.T.) the undermentioned property at the premises:—

All that piece of land 99 years lease admeasuring about 1,600 sq. yds. with building thereon known as "Maldon House" plot No. 17 Marine Lines, bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1432 of Fort Division, Municipal A Ward No. 3525, St. No. 29, and bounded by on the North by Plot No. 18, On the East by Marine Battalion Parade ground, On the South by plot No. 16 and on the West by Marine Lines Road.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned.

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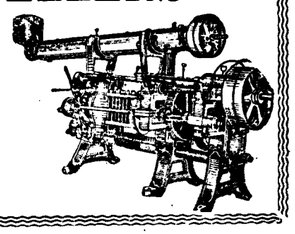

COST ACCOUNTING

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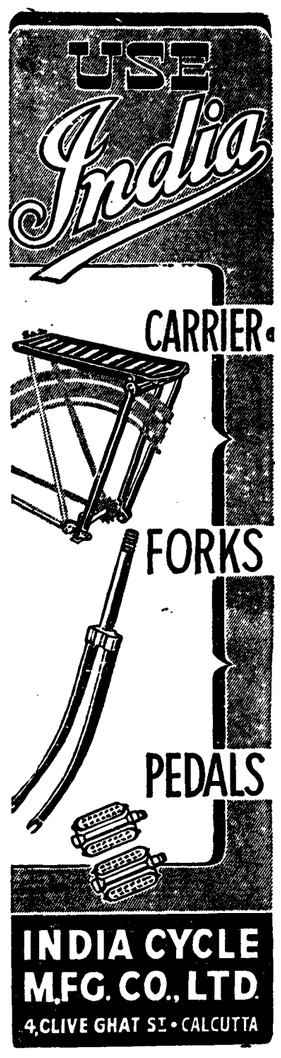

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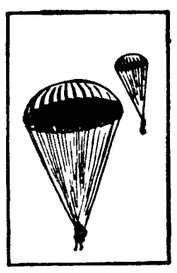
The Paratrooper lands at the bar



Good landing

Carew's
DRY GIN

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